GeniSys™ Controller

Version 1.10

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$\underline{\textbf{GENISYS^{TM}}} \ \underline{\textbf{CONTROLLER}} \ \underline{\textbf{GUIDE}}$

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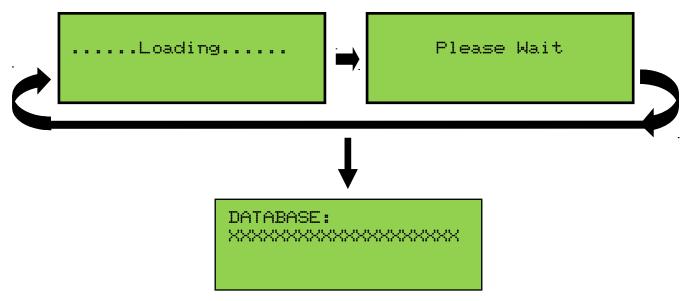
INTRODUCTION

The GeniSysTM Controller is an interface that controls many organ functions and a variety of MIDI functions. The GeniSysTM Controller includes an LCD (liquid crystal display) window that displays functions, one at a time, as well as an integrated CHANGE control knob with push buttons used to make selections. Each window function is described in detail.

A. BASIC OPERATION

1. Start-Up Sequence

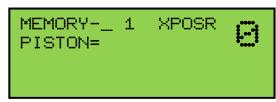
Turn on the organ's main power switch. During the start-up sequence, the LCD window will display:



Once the GeniSysTM computer has completed its initial start-up procedure, the LCD will display the current stopmap level (SMAP) and operating software base code level (CODE) currently installed in the organ.



Then, the *Main Window* function is displayed:



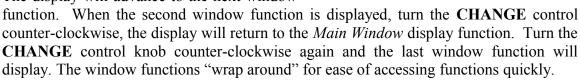
Important: The Allen Organ includes several self-testing features. If a warning is displayed within this sequence, please contact your Allen authorized representative immediately!

2. Advancing Through the Windows

The Allen Organ GeniSysTM operating software contains many settings that are user-programmable. Each programmable setting can be adjusted via the GeniSysTM Controller. These programmable settings are divided up into many menu and window functions. To advance the GeniSysTM Controller's display to the next window function,

locate and press the **MOVE** button until the flashing cursor is positioned on the letter **M**, within the word MEMORY on the display. Once the cursor is positioned, slowly turn the **CHANGE** control knob clockwise. The display will advance to the next window





Category Menus:

MOVE

Some window functions are contained within "category" menus. A category menu will contain window functions related to the category name which defines the menu. For example, the category menu "CONSOLE CONFIG" contains those window functions related to the organ's Console Configuration, while MIDI CONFIGURATION contains window functions related to the organ's various MIDI settings. Here is a list of the various category menus used within GeniSysTM:

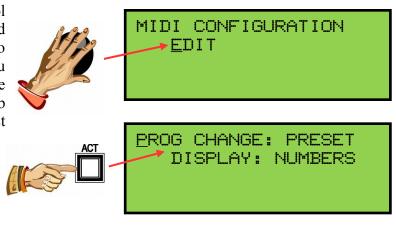
CONSOLE CONFIG: MIDI CONFIGURATION: **AUTO PLAY:** Capture Memory Save/Load Program Change/Display Hymn Player MIDI Program Change Performance Player Sostenuto **Configure Pistons** MIDI Sustain Sequencer Re-Initialize MIDI Expression MIDI Base Channel/Bank Headphone Master Unlock All Capture Memories Organ Local Off Self Check Transmit/Receive Stops

To enter a category menu, advance to one of the listed categories.

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the "SKIP" function.



Turn the CHANGE control knob to select "EDIT" and then press the ACT button to enter the category menu selected. Turning CHANGE control knob clockwise once the first window function is displayed allows the organist to page through various window functions within the category.

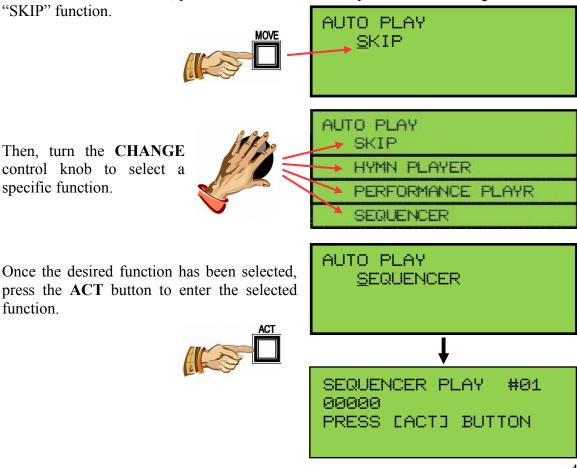


Note: Once the last window function has been reached within a selected category, the display will automatically return to the main menu. To re-enter a specific category menu, follow the previous steps above.

Note: The organist can also enter the category menu by using the **MOVE** button to reposition the flashing cursor back to the menu selection position (located in the upper left corner of the display) and then by turning the **CHANGE** control knob <u>clockwise</u>. The **ACT** button is a "quick" shortcut to enter the category menu once the "EDIT" function is displayed.



Important! The AUTO PLAY category displays the actual functions. Therefore, to select the desired function, press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the



Remember: You may return to the *Main Window* function at any time by pressing and holding the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press the **CANCEL** piston, release both pistons. This procedure will always return the GeniSysTM Controller's display to the *Main Window* function.



For reference, the last window function is:

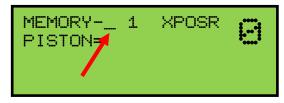
Safely Remove USB? Press [ACT] button.

3. Selecting the Capture Memories



Locate the **MOVE** button on the GeniSysTM Controller. Press this button to position the flashing cursor to the left of the memory number on the display. Once the cursor is

positioned, turn the **CHANGE** control knob clockwise to select the memories sequentially from 1 to 2 to 3, etc. Or, turn the **CHANGE** control knob counter-clockwise to select the memories sequentially from 1 to 40 to 39 to 38...



The capture memories allow you to save different registrations on each piston/toe piston. This means General Piston 1 on Memory 1 can be totally different from General Piston 1 on Memory 2, 3, 4, etc.

4. Saving Registrations Using the Pistons/Toe Studs

A **registration** is any combination of stops. These registrations can be stored (remembered) by the organ's capture memory system. The pistons provide a way to make changes quickly from one registration to another.

General Pistons are those that affect all stops on the organ. General pistons are usually located on the left side, underneath the keyboards on the piston rails.

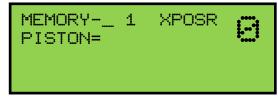
Divisional Pistons affect only those stops associated with the particular manual/division. Divisional pistons are usually located in the center of the piston rails below the keyboards.

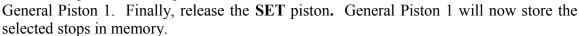
Most model organs contain **Toe Studs**. Toe Studs are located just above the pedalboard. Numbered Toe Studs to the left of the expression shoes usually duplicate General Pistons, while those to the right of the expression shoes are usually for the Pedal Division.

To Save a Registration to a General Piston:



A-2). Select any memory number (1, 2 ... 38, 39, 40, etc.) (see section A-3); however, for this example use Memory 1. Next, select the stops you want General Piston 1 to remember. Once the stops are selected, press and hold the SET piston, then press and release





Note: General Pistons are often set gradually from soft to loud with General #1 the softest and General #10 the loudest.

To Save a Registration to a Divisional Piston:

The *Main Window* function in the GeniSysTM Controller must be displayed (*See Section A-2*). Select any memory number (1, 2, ... 38, 39, 40, etc.) (*see section A-3*); however, for this example use Memory 1. Next, select any Swell division stops you want Swell Piston 1 to remember. Once the stops are selected, press and hold the **SET** piston, then press and release Swell Piston #1. Finally, release the **SET** piston. Swell Piston #1 will now store the selected Swell division stops in memory.

5. Locking Capture Memories

All memories, except Memory 1, may be locked or unlocked individually to prevent unintentional or unauthorized changes to that memory's contents.

Note: Memory 1 remains unlocked as a convenience to visiting or substitute organists (*if applicable*).

The GeniSysTM Controller must display the *Main Window* function (*See Section A-2*). Select a capture memory to lock. After registrations are stored to pistons, (*See Section A-4*) choose three digits you can easily remember (e.g., 1-2-3, 2-1-5, etc.). General Piston numbers reflect their respective digits listed on the piston (Piston 10 = zero).

On the GeniSysTM Controller, locate the **ACT** button. Press and hold the **ACT** button. Then, while holding **ACT**, press the General Pistons that will correspond to your three-

digit code. Release the **ACT** button and an "L" will appear next to the "MEMORY" number in the display, indicating this memory is now locked. As long as the memory remains locked, the piston





registrations on that memory cannot be changed. Other organists will still be able to use the locked registrations; however they cannot be changed.

Remember; choose an easy to remember three-digit code.

Note: Each capture memory level lock code can be different!



6. Unlocking Memories Using Your Code

The Main Window function must be displayed (See Section A-2). To unlock a memory, select the capture memory to be unlocked. Remember, locked capture memories will

have an "L" behind the memory number. Once a capture memory is selected, press and hold the **ACT** button within the GeniSysTM Controller. Then, while pressing **ACT**, enter the <u>same</u> three-digit code that was used to





lock this memory (*See Section A-5*). Release the **ACT** button. If the correct code is entered, the "L" will disappear, indicating the selected memory is now unlocked.

7. Unlocking All Memories If You Forget Your Code

Advance to the 'UNLOCK ALL CAPTURE MEMORIES' window function, which is located within the category menu "CONSOLE CONFIG" (see section A-2).

Press and hold the **ACT** button within the GeniSysTM Controller. Then, while holding **ACT**, press General Pistons 2-5-5, in sequence. Release the **ACT** button. All capture memories are now unlocked, including those memories other organists may have locked, however, programmed registrations will remain unchanged. The display will automatically return to the *Main Window* function.





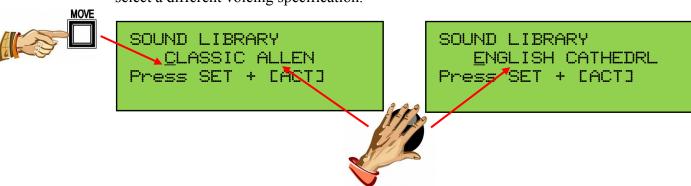
8. Sound Library™

Most organs are equipped with multiple voicing suites as standard and can be updated to include up to nine (9) complete voicing suites (see model specific specification documents as to the number of available standard/optional voicing suites). A new voicing specification can be selected within the GeniSysTM Controller at any time.

To change a voicing specification, advance to the 'SOUND LIBRARY' window function (see Section A-2). The display will indicate the current voicing specification loaded.

<u>S</u>OUND LIBRARY CLASSIC ALLEN Press SET + [ACT]

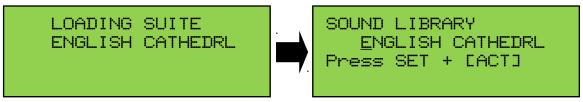
To change to a different voicing specification, press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the voicing specification name. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a different voicing specification.



When a new voicing specification is displayed, press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press the **ACT** button. Release both.



The display will indicate the selected voicing specification is loading. Once the new voicing specification has loaded, the capture system will automatically cancel all stops and return to the Sound Library selection display indicating the organ is now ready to play.



To return to the *Main Window* function, press and hold the **SET** piston, then press the **CANCEL** piston. Release both.





Important: The organ will <u>not</u> be able to be played while a new voicing specification is loading.

9. Acoustic Portrait™ Settings

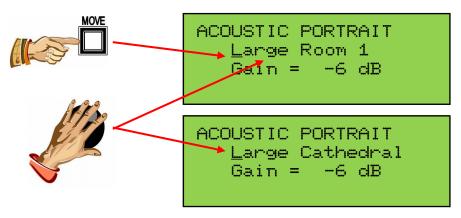
There are 10 available Acoustic PortraitTM selections to select from. The **ACOUSTICS** rocker switch labeled ACOUSTICS within the GeniSysTM Controller must be switched ON to hear the Acoustic Portrait™ selection. The Acoustic Portrait™ gain (volume) may be adjusted. The gain is displayed in dB (decibels). The Acoustic Portrait™ gain range is adjustable from +6dB to minus 35dB. Minus 35dB is the least amount of gain while +6dB is the most



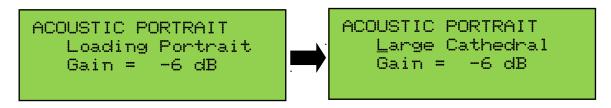
amount of gain available. To change the active Acoustic Portrait™ or adjust the Acoustic Portrait™ gain, advance to the "ACOUSTIC PORTRAIT" window function (see Section A-2). The window will display the name of the current Acoustic PortraitTM selection on line 2 with the Gain setting on line 3.

```
ACOUSTIC PORTRAIT
   Large Room 1
```

To change the Acoustic Portrait selection, press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Acoustic Portrait selection name. Turn the CHANGE control knob to select a different Acoustic Portrait selection.

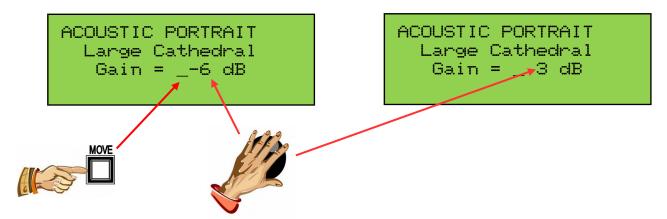


Note: The selection change will not be immediate. The newly selected Acoustic Portrait will begin loading in approximately 3 seconds. The display will indicate the new selection is loading and when it has completed:



Acoustic Portrait Gain (Volume) Adjustment:

To change the Acoustic Portrait Gain setting, press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the Acoustic Portrait gain setting. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the gain setting. Gain adjustment range is from minus 35dB to +6dB. Minus 35dB is the least amount of gain while +6dB is the most or maximum amount of gain.



Acoustic PortraitTM:

Available Reverb Selections

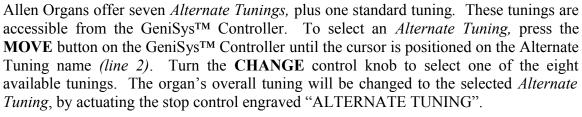
1. Pipe Chamber
2. Small Theatre
3. Small Church
4. Medium Room 1
5. Medium Room 2
6. Medium Room 3
7. Large Room 1
8. Large Room 2
9. Cathedral
10. Large Cathedral

10. Alternate Tuning

Advance to the 'ALTERNATE TUNING' window function (see section A-2).

ALTERNATE TUNING Romantic

(The current Alternate Tuning will appear on line 2 of the display)



The selected tuning will remain the *Alternate Tuning* until:

- □ Another *Alternate Tuning* is selected in the GeniSysTM Controller,
- Or, the stop control is turned off.

Any time the ALTERNATE TUNING stop is turned off, the organ will revert to the Classic style tuning. *Note:* The remaining tunings are of historical interest, but are limited in application to modern music. When selected, it is normal for some intervals to sound out of tune.

Alternate Tunings:

- 1. Romantic
- 2. Classic
- 3. Baroque
- 4. Kirnberger 3
- 5. Werckmeister 3
- 6. Just Intonation
- 7. Young 2
- 8. Pythagorean

11. Global Tuning

Global Tuning allows the organist to adjust the pitch of the entire organ. This tuning

adjustment allows the organ to be tuned to another instrument more easily. Tuning can be adjusted either \pm 100 cents from A-440 pitch. To adjust Global Tuning, advance to the 'GLOBAL TUNING' window function (see Section A-2).

GLOBAL TUNING: 0 cents



Press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the tuning value. Turn the CHANGE control knob in either direction to raise or lower the pitch of the organ. Turning the knob clockwise will raise the pitch while turning the knob counter-clockwise will lower the pitch.

Note: The Global Tuning adjustment will be retained in memory when the organ is powered off.



12. GeniSysTM Voices (optional on some models)

GeniSysTM Voices is a set of over 260 classical and contemporary style voices, including eight drum kits and various special effect voices, which can be assigned and activated by stop controls within the each division of the organ. Each division contains

```
GENVOIC= 1 GAIN= -2
Grand Piano 001
TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0
RANGE= C-2 TO G8
```

two GeniSysTM Voice stop controls. The stop controls are programmed in the GeniSysTM Voice selection window function within the GeniSysTM Controller. In addition to selecting a voice for a stop control's position, the voice's gain (volume), tuning, pitch and key range may also be adjusted. All voice settings are retained when the organ is turned off.

To select or adjust a GeniSysTM Voice stop position, advance to the GeniSys Voice Selection window function (see Section A-2).

Selecting a GeniSysTM Voice Stop Number:
Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the GeniSysTM Voice number value.

MOVE

GENVOIC=_1 GAIN= -2 Grape Piano 001 FUNE= 0 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a GeniSysTM Voice stop position number.



GENVOIC=_5 GAIN= -2 Grand Piano 001 TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Adjusting the GAIN (volume):

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the GAIN value.



GENVOIC= 5 GAIN=_-2 Grand Piano 001 TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to adjust the GAIN value. Turning the control clockwise will increase the value, while turning the control counter-clockwise will decrease the value.



GENVOIC= 5 GAIN=→ 0 Grand Piano 001 TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Note: The maximum amount of gain available is 0dB (loudest) and the least amount of gain available is -35dB (softest).

Selecting a GeniSysTM Voice:

Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the MOVE voice name.

GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 Grand Piano 001 TUNE= 0 PITCH= RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select of one over 260 contemporary or classical including eight voices. available drum kits and various special effects.



GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 8 Festival Trmpt 172 PITCH= TUNE= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Adjust the Tuning:

The tuning of the selected GeniSysTM voice may be adjusted separately from the other available GeniSysTM Voice position(s) as well as the organ's stops.

To adjust the Tuning, press the MOVE button to position the cursor the tuning value.

GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 Grand Piano 001 TUNE = PITCH= 0 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Turn the CHANGE control knob to adjust

the tuning value. Turning the control clockwise will increase the value, while turning the control counterclockwise will decrease the value. Tuning can be



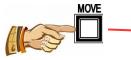
GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 Grand Piano **891** TUNE-<u>*</u>100 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

adjusted either \pm 100 cents from A-440 pitch.

Adjust the Pitch (Transpose Value):

The pitch, or Transpose value, of the selected GeniSysTM voice may also be adjusted separately from the other available GeniSysTM Voice stop positions as well as the main organ stops.

To adjust the Pitch, press the MOVE button to position the flashing MOVE cursor on the pitch value.



GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= Grand Piano 001 PITCH=_ 0 TUNE - 9 RANGE= C-2 TO 68

Turn the CHANGE control knob adjust the

pitch value. Turning the control clockwise will increase the pitch, while turning the control counterclockwise will decrease the pitch. Pitch can be adjusted either \pm 12 steps. A value of

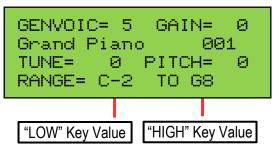


GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 Grand Piano **891** TUNE= 9 PITCH=1-8 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

12 is a full octave higher, while a value of -12 is a full octave lower.

Adjust the Key "Range":

The key "range" settings allow the ability to set key limits on the selected GeniSvsTM Voice. Key "range" is the ideal tool to "split" the keyboard utilizing the two separate GeniSysTM voices within a single division. There are two key range values; one for the LOW key and one for the HIGH key.





Note: The standard values are "C-2" for the LOW key value and G8 for the HIGH key These values allow the selected GeniSysTM Voice to play over the entire keyboard's range.

LOW Kev Range:

To change the LOW key range value, press GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= 0 the MOVE button to Grand Piano position the cursor on the PITCH= TUNE= 0 0 LOW key range value. RANGE= <u>C</u>-2 TO G8 Turn the CHANGE control GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= knob to adjust the key range 991 value. Turning the control Grand Piano TUNE= 0 clockwise will increase the PITCH= 0 RANGE= C2 TO G8 value, while turning the counter-clockwise

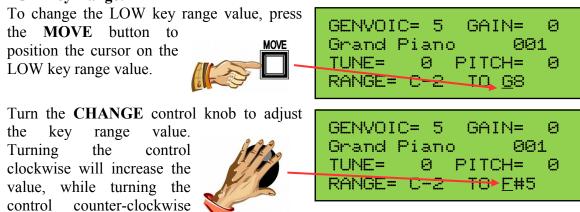
Note: The minimum key range value is C-2 (two octaves below C1).

HIGH Key Range:

will decrease the value.

will decrease the value.

control



Note: The maximum key range value is G8 (2-1/2 octaves above C6).

Here is an example of how the key range settings can be used to "split" the keyboard. These settings will allow the first GeniSysTM Voice to play the lower key range and the second GeniSysTM Voice to play the upper key range of a single keyboard. For this example, GeniSysTM Voice #3 and GeniSysTM Voice #4 will be referenced.

- 1. Select GeniSysTM Voice #3
- 2. Select the voice "Acoustic Bass 033"
- 3. Set the LOW key range value to C-2
- 4. Set the HIGH key range value to B2

```
GENVOIC= 3 GAIN= -3
Acoustic Bass 033
TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0
RANGE= C-2 TO B2
```

- 1. Select GeniSysTM Voice #4
- 2. Select the voice "Tenor Sax 067"
- 3. Set the LOW key range value to C3
- 4. Set the HIGH key range value to G8

```
GENVOIC= 4 GAIN= -3
Tenor Sax 067
TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0
RANGE= C3 TO G8
```

Synopsis: These settings essentially "split" the keyboard into two sections and allow the Acoustic Bass to play up to note B2, or first two octaves and the Tenor Sax from note C3 to the top of the keyboard or the remaining three octaves. In this configuration, the bass is played with the left hand while the melody is played with the right hand.

Another example configuration could allow two keyboards to extend the range of a piano. A standard piano is 88 notes. The organ's keyboard is only 61 notes which greatly limits the upper and lower sections of the piano. By using two keyboards and three GeniSysTM Voice positions, the entire 88 note range of the piano can be played. For this example, GeniSysTM Voices #3, #4 and #5 will be referenced. GeniSys VoicesTM #3 and #4 are on the Swell keyboard while GeniSys VoiceTM #5 is on the Great keyboard.

- 1. Select GeniSysTM Voice #3
- 2. Select the voice "Grand Piano 001"
- 3. Set the Pitch to -12
- 4. Set the LOW key range value to C-2
- 5. Set the HIGH key range value to F3
- GENVOIC= 3 GAIN= -3
 Grand Piano 033
 TUNE= 0 PITCH=-12
 RANGE= C-2 TO F3
- 1. Select GeniSysTM Voice #4
- 2. Select the voice "Grand Piano 001"
- 3. Set the Pitch to 12
- 4. Set the LOW key range value to F#3
- 5. Set the HIGH key range value to G8
- 1. Select GeniSysTM Voice #5
- 2. Select the voice "Grand Piano 001"
- 3. Set the Pitch to 0
- 4. Set the LOW key range value to C-2
- 5. Set the HIGH key range value to G8
- GENVOIC= 4 GAIN= -3 Grand Piano 033 TUNE= 0 PITCH= 12 RANGE= F#3 TO G8
- GENVOIC= 5 GAIN= -3 Grand Piano 033 TUNE= 0 PITCH= 0 RANGE= C-2 TO G8

Synopsis: GeniSysTM Voice #5 is setup so that the Grand Piano plays normally across the entire range of the Great keyboard. However, GeniSysTM Voices #3 and #4 are setup so that the Swell keyboard is "split" at note F3. The lower section of the Swell keyboard (C1 to F3) is transposed down an octave to extend the range of the piano an octave lower than C1 on the Great keyboard. The upper section of the Swell keyboard (F#3 to C6) is transposed up an octave to extend the range of the piano an octave higher than C6 on the Great keyboard. Essentially, the central part of the piano keyboard is located on the Great keyboard while the upper and lower parts of the piano keyboard are located on the Swell keyboard.

These are just two examples of how to use the key range settings to extend the limits of the GeniSysTM Voice system. There could be literally dozens of many different and creative configurations utilized. It is all dependent on the requirements of the music and the creativity of the organist.

Note: For added assistance on notes values, use the key range chart, located in Appendix B of this manual, as a guide for selecting the key note values to enter into the LOW and HIGH key range settings.

13. GeniSysTM Voices, File Load/Save and Delete (optional on some models)

A complete GeniSysTM Voices configuration for all GeniSysTM voice stop positions can be saved and loaded. A GeniSysTM Voice file contains all the GeniSysTM voice settings; voice, gain (volume), tuning, pitch and range values for each GeniSysTM Voice position. This allows complex GeniSysTM voice configurations to be saved and reloaded easily for later use. In addition, a GeniSysTM Voice configuration file can be deleted at any time.



Important! The USB flash device must be inserted for this feature to operate as all files are stored on the USB flash device.

GENISYS VOICE ---INSERT USB STICK

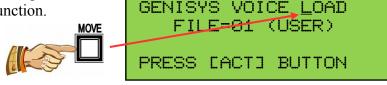
Up to 99 USER GeniSysTM Voice configuration files can be stored on a USB flash device. The factory supplied USB flash device includes several PRESET GeniSysTM Voice configurations as examples. A preset can be loaded and used as configured by the factory or a preset can be loaded as a starting point, the configuration changed and then saved as a USER file. However, a preset configuration cannot be deleted.

SAVE a GeniSys Voice File:

To SAVE a GeniSys Voice file, advance to the GeniSys Voice File window function (see Section A-2).

GENISYS VOICE LOAD FILE=01 (USER) PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the Mode Select function.



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select SAVE.



GENISYS VOICE SAVE FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the file number value.



GENISYS VOICE SAVE FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select a

USER file number. Any number between 1 and 99 may be selected. Turning the control clockwise will increase the value, while turning the control counter-clockwise will decrease the value.



GENISYS VOICE SAVE FILE 09 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

To save the selected file number, press the **ACT** button. The display will indicate the status of the save function.



GENISYS VOICE SAVE SUCCESS!

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If a selected GeniSysTM Voice file number already exists when attempting to save a configuration file, the display will indicate "ERROR: FILE EXISTS!". Delete or select a different GeniSysTM Voice file number to continue.

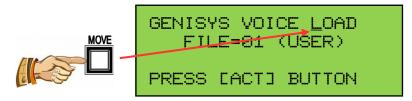
GENISYS VOICE SAVE ERROR: FILE EXISTS

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

DELETE a GeniSys Voice File:

To DELETE a GeniSys Voice file, advance to the GeniSys Voice File window function (see Section A-2).

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the Mode Select function.



Turn the CHANGE control knob to select

DEL (delete).

GENISYS VOICE_DEL FILE-01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the file number value.



GENISYS VOICE DEL FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS CACTI BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select a

USER file number. Any number between 1 and 99 may be selected. Turning the clockwise control will increase the value, while turning the control counterclockwise will decrease the value.



GENISYS VOICE DEL FILE=26 (USER)

PRESS CACTI BUTTON

To delete the selected file number, press the **ACT** button. The display will indicate the status of the save function.



GENISYS VOICE DEL SUCCESS!

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If a selected GeniSysTM Voice file number does not exist when attempting to delete a configuration file, the display will indicate "ERROR: NO SUCH FILE". Select a different GeniSysTM Voice file number to continue.

GENISYS VOICE DEL ERROR: NO SUCH FILE

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

LOAD a GeniSys Voice File:

To SAVE a GeniSys Voice file, advance to the GeniSys Voice File window function (see Section A-2).

Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Mode Select function.



GENISYS VOICE<u>L</u>OAD FILE-01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select LOAD.



GENISYS VOICE LOAD FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS CACTI BUTTON

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the file number value.



GENISYS VOICE LOAD FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

There are two different groups of file number selections to choose from; PRESET or USER. The display will indicate which group selection is active. There are a limited number of PRESET files available, however for USER file numbers, any number between 1 and 99 may be selected to load.

GENISYS VOICE LOAD FILE=<u>0</u>1 (PRESET) Some Preset Name PRESS [ACT] BUTTON GENISYS VOICE LOAD FILE=01 (USER)

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Note: PRESET files also contain a preset name which identifies the type of preset. The name is located on the 3rd line of the display. USER files <u>cannot</u> be named.

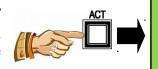


Turning the **CHANGE** control knob <u>counter-clockwise</u> will decrease the file number. When USER file #1 is reached, the next number will "roll" to the PRESET group and select the last available PRESET file number. Continue turning the control counter-clockwise to select any lower numbered PRESET file. When PRESET file #1 is reached, the file number will "roll" back to the USER group and select USER file #99.



Turning the **CHANGE** control knob <u>clockwise</u> will increase the file number value. When USER file #99 is reached, the file number will "roll" to the PRESET group and select PRESET file #1. Continue turning the control clockwise to select any higher numbered PRESET file. When the last available PRESET file number is reached, the number will "roll" back to the USER group and select USER file #1.

To load the selected file number, press the **ACT** button. The display will indicate the status of the load function.



GENISYS VOICE LOAD SUCCESS!

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If a selected GeniSysTM Voice file number does <u>not</u> exist when attempting to load a configuration file, the display will indicate "ERROR: NO SUCH FILE!". Select a different GeniSysTM Voice file number to continue.

GENISYS VOICE LOAD ERROR: NO SUCH FILE

PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

B. USB OPERATION

1. USB Memory Port

GeniSysTM consoles are equipped with a USB type memory port. Depending on the

model instrument, the USB memory port can be located at various positions on the console. The USB memory port can accept USB flash devices up to 32GB in size.



Important! USB flash devices larger than 32GB will not operate correctly within GeniSysTM model instruments. Data loss may occur if flash devices larger than 32GB are used.

The USB flash device is used for a variety of different GeniSysTM features. These features will not operate unless a USB flash device has been inserted into the USB memory port.

Note: The USB flash device does not need to be installed for normal playing operation of the instrument.

Insert a USB Flash Device

Locate the USB memory port on the organ and carefully insert the USB flash device into the port socket. The USB flash device can only be inserted in one orientation, so do not force the USB flash device into the socket if it doesn't fit correctly. Doing so may damage the port socket and the USB flash device. If the USB flash device doesn't fit correctly, re-orient the USB flash device and re-insert it into the port socket. Once the USB flash device is seated correctly into the port socket, the organ will automatically connect to the USB flash device. This may take a few seconds.

Remove a USB Flash Device



Important! Never remove a USB flash device from the USB memory port without first operating the SAFELY REMOVE USB function from within the GeniSysTM Controller. Removing the USB flash device without operating this function may cause data loss to occur on the USB flash device.

To remove a USB flash device, advance to the "SAFELY REMOVE USB" window function (see Section A-2).

To remove the USB flash device, press the ACT button. The display will return to the Main Window function when it is safe to remove the USB flash device from the USB memory port socket.

Note: If a USB flash device is not

device is not connected to the instrument's USB memory port, the SAFELY REMOVE USB function will not appear within the GeniSysTM Controller.

_Safely Remove USB? Press [ACT] button.

MEMORY-_ 1 XPOSR E PISTON=

2. GeniSysTM Sequencer

GeniSysTM instruments contain the added versatility of a built-in console sequencer. Similar to the operation of an external MIDI sequencer, the GeniSysTM Sequencer will record and playback an organist's performance in exacting detail. Every key, pedal, piston, stop

SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

and expression movement is recorded and played back as it was originally recorded by the organist. Performances can then be saved and loaded for playback at a later time using a USB flash device.

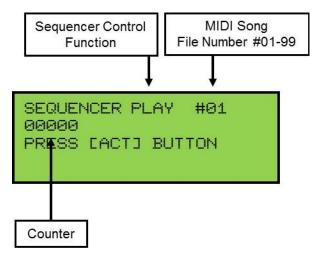


Important! A USB flash device must be connected to the instrument's USB memory port in order to access the Sequencer function within the GeniSysTM Controller.

The GeniSys™ Sequencer is limited to a single-pass recording. Performance data is saved as a Type 1 MIDI file (multiple MIDI tracks) in standard MIDI file format. The MIDI file may be edited when the USB flash device is inserted into a standard PC computer and more advanced MIDI sequence editing software is used. The GeniSys™ Sequencer will playback both Type 0 and Type 1 MIDI files in standard MIDI file format.

To access the GeniSysTM Sequencer, advance to the Sequencer window function (see section A-2).

The GeniSys™ Sequencer contains many display functions. Here is a quick breakdown of those functions and what they do:



Sequencer Control Function:

PLAY: Standard Sequencer File Playback; PLAY mode will play the selected MIDI song file number.

PLAY+: "Playlist" Sequencer File Playback; PLAY+ mode will play <u>all</u> recorded MIDI song file numbers in order from lowest to highest.

REC: Record Sequencer File; REC mode will record a performance and save the recorded performance data into the selected MIDI song file number.

DEL: Delete Sequencer File; DEL mode will delete the displayed MIDI song file number.

MIDI Song File Number:

MIDI song files use a specific filename format; SONGXX.mid, where "XX" is the file number. Any file number between 01 and 99 may be selected. MIDI song files which do not use the specified filename format will not be recognized by the Sequencer and therefore cannot be loaded for playback.

MIDI Song File Storage:

MIDI song files are stored within the [WORK] directory on the USB flash device. MIDI song files recorded by the Sequencer <u>must</u> be located within this directory in order to be loaded and/or played back.

Counter:

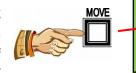
The counter indicates the current position of the Sequencer within a MIDI song file.

a. Select a MIDI Song File Number:

To select a MIDI song file number, press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor

on the MIDI Song File Number. Turn the

CHANGE control knob to select a song number. Turning the knob clockwise will increase the file number while turning the knob counter-



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

clockwise will decrease the file number. Any file number between 01 and 99 may be selected.

b. Delete a MIDI Song File Number:

To delete a MIDI song file number, press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the **MOVE**

flashing cursor on the Sequencer Control Function.



SEQUENCER <u>P</u>LAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

SEQUENCER DEL

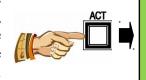
CACTI

00000

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select the "DEL" control function.

Select a MIDI Song File Number (see section 2a above).

When a MIDI Song File number has been selected, press the **ACT** button. The display will ask to confirm the selection: N = No, Y = Yes.



SEQUENCER DEL #08 00000 CONFIRM:[N]Y PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

The currently selected option is located within the brackets.



#01

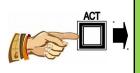
BUTTON

To change the selected option, press the MOVE button. The brackets will toggle between the N and Y selections.



SEQUENCER DEL #08 00000 CONFIRM:NCYI PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

To delete the selected MIDI Song file number, make sure that "Y" is selected (see above) and then press the ACT button.



SEQUENCER DEL #08 DELETING... PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



To exit without deleting, make sure that "N" is selected and then press the ACT button.

SEQUENCER DEL #08 SUCCESSFUL! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If the selected MIDI song file number is not located, the display will indicate "FILE NOT FOUND!"

SEQUENCER DEL #08 FILE NOT FOUND! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

c. Play a MIDI Song File

Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Sequencer Control Function.



SEQUENCER DEL #81 99999 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select the "PLAY" control function.



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Select a MIDI Song File Number (see section 2a).

Open the expression shoe(s) to their maximum position and press the ACT button to begin playback. The counter will begin counting to indicate that playback started and the Sequencer will



SEQUENCER PLAY #81 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

display two additional transport functions: PAUS and STOP.



Important! If a selected MIDI Song File is not located when playback is started, the display will indicate "FILE NOT FOUND!" and playback will not begin.

SEQUENCER PLAY #01 FILE NOT FOUND! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

To "pause" the Sequencer during playback, press

the **ACT** button. The counter will stop counting and the instrument will stop playing indicating playback has stopped. The selected transport function



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00XXX [CONT] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

will change to "CONT" indicating that playback can be "continued" from the current counter value.

Note: The counter value cannot be changed from its current value.

To continue playback, press the ACT button. The

counter will begin counting from the current counter value and the instrument will begin playing indicating playback has



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

resumed. The transport function will revert back

to "PAUS" in case the organist needs to pause playback again.

To stop playback, press the **MOVE** button to toggle the selection brackets to "STOP".



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00XXX PAUS [STOP] PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

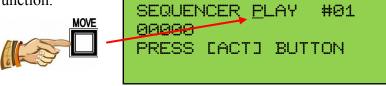
Press the **ACT** button to stop playback. The counter will reset to zero (0) and the instrument will stop playing indicating playback has stopped. The transport functions will also disappear.



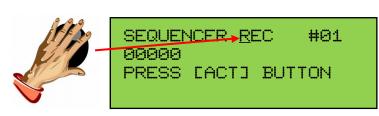
SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

d. To Record A MIDI Song:

Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the Sequence Control Function.



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select the "REC" control function.



Select a MIDI Song File number (see section 2a).



Hint! To ensure the console setup information is recorded within a MIDI song, perform these steps <u>after the recording has started</u>:

- Press the CANCEL piston. This will turn off any stops which are turned on and also transmit and record the currently selected capture memory level at the beginning of the MIDI song. Doing this will ensure the organ is set to the correct capture memory level when the MIDI song is played back preventing the potential for incorrect piston registrations to be selected. Important! The piston registration settings used in a MIDI song is dependent on the current capture memory settings within the organ at the time the MIDI song is recorded. If the piston registrations are changed after a MIDI song has been recorded, the piston registrations will not be the same when the MIDI song is played back and the MIDI song may not sound as it was originally recorded.
- Select a piston registration or manually select stops.
- Move the expression shoe(s) and set them to a desired position. Doing this will record the organ's volume information within the MIDI song. This way when a MIDI song is played back, the organ's volume will be set to the correct level.

To begin the actual recording, press the ACT but-

ton. The counter will begin counting to indicate the Sequencer is now recording. At this point, begin playing the organ (see Hint! above). The Seguin Country of the Seguin Coun



SEQUENCER REC #01 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

quencer will display two additional transport func-

tions: PAUS and STOP. Remember, all key, pedal, piston, stop or expression movements will be recorded.



Important! If a selected MIDI Song File number already exists when a recording is started, the display will indicate "FILE EXISTS!" and recording will not begin. Delete the current selected MIDI song file number or select a different MIDI song file number to continue.

SEQUENCER REC #01 FILE EXISTS! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON To "pause" the Sequencer during a recording,

press the **ACT** button. The counter will stop counting indicating recording has stopped. The selected transport function will change to "CONT" indicat-



SEQUENCER REC #01 00XXX [CONT] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

ing that the recording can be "continued" from the current counter value.



Important! Any registration changes made to the organ while the recording has been paused will not be recorded!

Note: The counter value cannot be changed from its current value.

To continue recording, press the ACT button.

The counter will begin counting from the current counter value indicating recording has resumed. The transport function



SEQUENCER REC #01 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

will revert back to "PAUS" in case the organist needs to pause recording again.

Note: Upon completion of a recording, press the **CANCEL** piston to turn off all of the stops and also move the expression shoes to their lowest position.

To stop recording, press the **MOVE** button to toggle the selection brackets to "STOP".



SEQUENCER REC #01 00XXX PAUS [STOP] PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Press the ACT button to stop recording. The display will briefly flash "SAVING..." to indicate the MIDI Song File is being saved to the USB Flash



Device. Once completed, the counter will reset to zero (00000) and the Sequence Control Function will automatically change to PLAY indicating the Sequencer is now ready to play the just recorded MIDI Song File.

(To play the MIDI Song File, see section 2c above)

SEQUENCER REC #01 SAVING... PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

e. PLAY+ (Playlist Playback)

The PLAY+ feature will playback a sequential list of MIDI songs recorded within the USB Flash Device. The Sequencer will begin playing all MIDI songs, in numerical order, starting with the MIDI file song number shown within the display. For example, if the MIDI file song number is set to "#5", the Sequencer will begin with MIDI file song number #5 and then play all subsequent songs. When the Sequencer has reached the last MIDI song, playback will automatically stop.

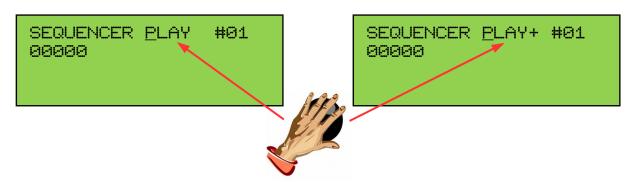


Important! The Sequencer will stop playback if a MIDI Song number is missing within the sequential numbered file list. MIDI Song numbers must be contiguous.

To select the PLAY+ feature, press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Sequencer Control Function.

SEQUENCER PLAY #01

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select the PLAY+ control function.



Select a MIDI Song File Number (see section 2a above). Note: The default selection is #1.

Open the expression shoe(s) to their maximum position and press the ACT button to begin playback. The counter will begin counting to indicate that playback has started and the Sequencer will display two additional transport functions: PAUS and STOP.

SEQUENCER PLAY #01 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If the selected MIDI song file number is not located when playback is started, the display will indicate "FILE NOT FOUND!" and playback will not begin. Select a different MIDI song file number to continue.

SEQUENCER PLAY+ #01 FILE NOT FOUND! To "pause" the Sequencer during playback, press

the ACT button. The counter will stop counting and the instrument will stop playing indicating playback has stopped. The selected transport function



SEQUENCER PLAY+ #01 00XXX [CONT] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

will change to "CONT" indicating that playback can be "continued" from the current counter value.

Note: The counter value cannot be changed from its current value.

To continue playback, press the ACT button. The

counter will begin counting from the current counter value and the instrument will begin playing indicating playback has



SEQUENCER PLAY+ #01 00XXX [PAUS] STOP PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

resumed. The transport function will revert back

to "PAUS" in case the organist needs to pause playback again.

To stop playback, press the **MOVE** button to toggle the selection brackets to "STOP".



SEQUENCER PLAY+ #01 00XXX PAUS [STOP] PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Press the **ACT** button to stop playback. The counter will reset to zero (0) and the instrument will stop playing indicating playback has stopped. The transport functions will also disappear.



SEQUENCER PLAY+ #01 00000 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

3. Capture Memory Registration Save/Load

All GeniSysTM instruments can both save and load capture registration data to the USB flash device. Capture registrations, piston configuration, MIDI settings, Crescendo/Tutti B settings and Piston Sequencer data (when applicable) can be saved and loaded using the GeniSysTM Controller when a USB flash device is inserted into the USB memory port.

To access the Capture Save feature, advance to the CAPTURE MEMORY window function (see section A-2).

CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL Ø1 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! A USB flash device must be inserted in the organ's USB memory port for the capture save/load feature to be available.

The Capture Memory feature contains several display functions. Here is a quick breakdown of those functions and what they do:

Mode Select: LOAD, SAVE or DEL.

LOAD: Loads a selected capture file number.

SAVE: (3) options (**Type Select**):

"ALL" Saves <u>all</u> capture registrations, piston configuration, MIDI settings, Crescendo/Tutti B settings and Piston Sequencer data (when applicable).

Mode

Select

"PCF" Saves only the piston configuration data.

"CRB" Saves only the Crescendo/Tutti B data.

DEL: Deletes the selected capture file number.

a. Delete a Capture File

To delete an existing capture file number, press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the MOVE Mode Select value.



BUTTON

Capture File

Number

CAPTURE MEMORY

ACTI

Type

Select

SAVE AL

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select "DEL" mode.

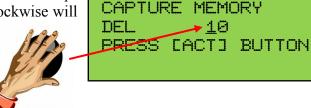
CAPTURE MEMORY
DEL 01
PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Select a Capture File Number. Press the **MOVE** button to position the flashing cursor on the Capture File Number value.



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a capture file number. Turning the knob clockwise will

increase the file number while turning the knob counter-clockwise will decrease the file number. Any file number between 01 and 99 may be selected.



To delete the selected capture file number, press the ACT button.



CAPTURE MEMORY DEL 10 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



The display will briefly indicate when the file has been deleted and then return.

CAPTURE MEMORY SUCCESS! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If the selected capture file number does not exist, the display will indicate "ERR NO SUCH FILE!" To continue, select a different capture file number.

CAPTURE MEMORY ERR NO SUCH FILE! PRESS CACTI BUTTON

b. Load a Capture File

To load an existing capture file number, press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Mode MOVE Select value.

CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select "LOAD" mode.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOAD 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Select a Capture File Number. Press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Capture File Number value.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOAD 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON Turn the CHANGE control knob to select a capture file number. Turning the knob clockwise will

increase the file number while turning the knob counter-clockwise will decrease the file number. Any file number between 01 and 99 may be selected.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOAD **1**9 PRESS **CACTI BUTTON**

To load the selected capture file number, press the **ACT** button.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOAD 10 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

The display will indicate when the file has been loaded and the capture system will turn off or cancel all stops when loading has completed.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOADING... PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



CAPTURE MEMORY SUCCESS! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If the selected capture file number does not exist, the display will indicate "ERR NO SUCH FILE!" To continue, select a different capture file number.

CAPTURE MEMORY ERR NO SUCH FILE! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

c. Save a Capture File

To perform a capture save press the MOVE button to position the flashing cursor on the Mode Select MOVE value.



CAPTURE MEMORY LOAD 01 PRESS CACTI BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select "SAVE" mode.



CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Select the Capture Save type. Press the MOVE button to position flashing cursor on the Type Select value.

CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select one of the (3) available Capture Save types: ALL, PCF or CRB (see section 3 above for a description of the different Capture Save types).

CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 01 PRESS CACTI BUTTON

Select a Capture File Number. Press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the Capture File Number value.



CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 01 PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

Turn the CHANGE control knob to select a file number. Turning the knob clockwise will in-

crease the file number while turning the knob counter-clockwise will decrease the file number. Any file number between 01 and 99 may be selected.



CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 10 PRESS LACTI BUTTON

To SAVE the selected capture data type, press the ACT button.

The display will indicate the status of the capture save and when it has completed.

CAPTURE MEMORY SAVE ALL 10 PRESS CACTI BUTTON



CAPTURE MEMORY SUCCESS! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON



Important! If a selected capture file number already exists when starting the save process, the display will indicate "ERR FILE EXISTS!" and the capture data save will not be saved. To continue, delete the current selected capture file number or select a different capture file number.

CAPTURE MEMORY ERR FILE EXISTS! PRESS [ACT] BUTTON

4. Hymn Player (Classic models only)

GeniSysTM Classical instruments contain a Hymn Player which can play pre-recorded hymns contained on the factory supplied USB flash device.

Note: Additional hymns cannot be added to the existing list of available hymn selections.

To access the Hymn Player function, the factory supplied USB flash device must be inserted in the USB memory port before the organist can advance to and/or access the Hymn Player window function (see Section A-2).

_ A Mighty Fortress Volume=10 Tempo=+00 Verses=2 Intro=no Pitch=+0 [ACT]=Play





Line 1 of the display indicates the hymn song title and lines 2, 3 and 4 contain several playback parameters which the organist can adjust. To select a hymn, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the hymn song title. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a different hymn selection (*Hymns are arranged in alphabetical order*).

Playback Parameters:

To change the value of any of the playback parameters, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on any of the playback parameter values and adjust accordingly.

<u>Volume</u>: Sets the overall volume of the organ relative to the expression shoe position(s) for hymn playback. Volume range is 1 (softest) through 10 (loudest).

Note: Volume cannot be adjusted during playback.

<u>Tempo</u>: Increase or decrease tempo by positioning the cursor on the Tempo value and then turn the CHANGE control. Tempo may be adjusted up or down in increments of 10. Maximum tempo value is plus/minus 50.

<u>Verses</u>: Change the number of verses by positioning the cursor on the Verse value and then turn the CHANGE control. Maximum number of verses is 9.

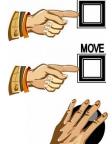
<u>Intro</u>: Determines whether an Introduction passage is played before the hymn. Position the cursor on the Intro value and then turn the CHANGE control to select yes or no.

Note: Intro value cannot be changed during playback.

<u>Pitch</u>: Raise or lower the pitch by positioning the cursor on the Pitch value and then turn the CHANGE control. Pitch may be raised or lowered in half-step increments. Standard Transposer range is applicable; pitch can be raised a maximum of five half-steps or lowered a minimum of seven half-steps.

Note: Pitch value cannot be changed during playback.

To begin hymn playback, press the **ACT** button. The display will indicate the current verse number playing.



Both the Tempo and number of Verses may be adjusted during hymn playback. Press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on either the Tempo or Verses value. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the value.

To stop hymn playback at any time, press the CANCEL piston.



To return to the *Main Window* function, press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press the **CANCEL** piston. Release both.



Note: You can change the organ's registration at any time during playback, either manually or by using pistons. However, the registration will return to the hymn player default at the beginning of each verse.

5. Performance Player

GeniSysTM instruments contain a Performance Player which plays pre-recorded Performances contained on the factory supplied USB flash device.

Note: Additional Performances cannot be added to the existing list of available selections.

To access the Performance Player function, the factory supplied USB flash device must be inserted in the USB memory port (see Section A-2).

Line 1 displays the Selection number; line 2 displays the Performance name.

Selection 1 LittleFugueGM-Bach Volume=10 [ACT]=Play



To select a Performance, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the Selection number. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a different Performance selection. The Performance name will change with the selection number.



To adjust the volume of the Performance, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the volume value. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to adjust the value. Volume range is 1 (softest) through 10 (loudest).

Note: Volume cannot be adjusted during playback.



To begin playing the Performance, press the ACT button.

To stop playing the Performance, press the **CANCEL** piston.



C. ADVANCED OPERATION

1. Configuring General Pistons

This procedure enables pistons to control stops that are normally not controlled by those pistons.

Y

Important! The Piston Configuration is common to all capture memories.

For example:

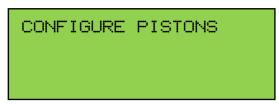
- (1) Pistons can be configured to control only certain specific stops.
- (2) A piston can be configured so that it will only affect the Tremulant stops.
- (3) A General piston can be configured to respond like a Divisional Piston.

Note 1: Changing the configuration of a piston will not affect the registrations previously remembered by that piston prior to its reconfiguration.

Note 2: Reconfiguring a piston does not change its MIDI channel assignment.

Configuring General Pistons to only affect MIDI stops:

Advance to the 'CONFIGURE PISTONS' window function (see section A-2).



At this point, pressing any piston will actuate stops controlled by that particular piston.

EXAMPLE CONFIGURATIONS

To reconfigure a piston to control only the MIDI stops:

Select just the MIDI stop controls. Press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press a General piston that you want only the MIDI stops to respond on. Release both. The General piston just pressed will now only be able to program the MIDI stop controls and will no longer affect other stops.

To reconfigure a General Piston so it controls only the Swell Division stops:

Select *all* of the Swell division stops. Press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press a General piston that you want only the Swell division stops to respond on. Release both. The General piston just pressed will now only be able to program the Swell division stops and will no longer affect other stops.

To add the "Swell To Great" Intermanual Coupler to the Great Divisional Pistons:

Select *all* of the Great Division stops controls and also the "Swell To Great" intermanual coupler. Press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press each Great Divisional Piston, in sequence while holding **SET**. Release **SET** when completed. The "Swell To Great" coupler can now be registered to the Great Divisional pistons.

To reconfigure a General/Divisional Piston so it controls only the Tremulant stops:

Select *all* of the organ's Tremulant sop controls. Press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press a General/Divisional piston. The General/Divisional piston just pressed will now only be able to program the Tremulant stops and will no longer affect other stops.

To return to the *Main Window* to store registrations to the pistons you just configured, press and hold the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press **CANCEL**. Release both. (See Section A-2).



The use of the CONFIGURE PISTONS function is only limited by one's creative imagination.

Remember: The above examples only determine which stops will become accessible by the reconfigured pistons; *they will not change any previously saved registrations*.

2. Restoring Original Factory Settings

Advance to the 'RE-INITIALIZE' window function (see Section A-2). The window will display...

RE-INITIALIZE Piston Config.

Certain functions can be restored to the original factory settings. They are:

RE-INITIALIZE Piston Config.

RE-INITIALIZE
MIDI Settings

RE-INITIALIZE
Capture Mem. XX

RE-INITIALIZE Crescendo B

RE-INITIALIZE Tutti/Ventil B

The Piston Configuration re-initialization includes all the Configure Piston settings. The MIDI Settings re-initialization includes all MIDI program change mapping. The Capture Memory re-initialization will reset the last available capture memory to factory default registrations (*if applicable*).

Each of these functions can be restored individually. To select the factory settings you wish to restore, press the **MOVE** button until the cursor is positioned on the parameter value located on the 2nd line of the display. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select the desired setting to re-initialize.

Press and hold the **ACT** button. Then, while holding **ACT**, press General Pistons 2-5-5 in sequence.

ACT + 3 + 6 + 6

The display will briefly flash the word

"WORKING" on the second line to indicate the selection is being re-initialized.

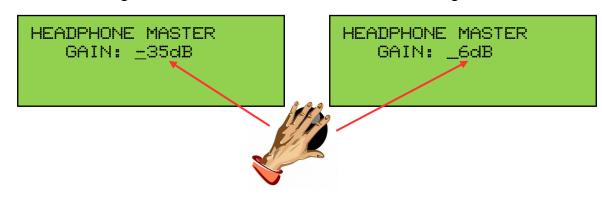
3. Headphone Volume (REN-25 based instruments and if the Headphone is enabled)

The master headphone volume control is integrated into the GeniSysTM Controller. Adjusting this setting will change the overall output volume level of the headphone in relation to the organ's expression pedal. To adjust the headphone volume, advance to the "HEADPHONE MASTER' window function (see Section A-2).

HEADPHONE MASTER GAIN: -35dB



To change the Headphone Master Gain setting, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the Gain setting value. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the gain setting. Gain adjustment range is from (off) or minus 35dB to 6db. Minus 35db is the least amount of gain while 6dB is the most or maximum amount of gain.



4. Self Check; Stop Action and Capture

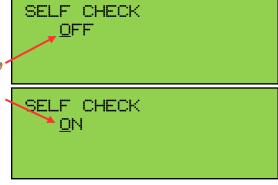
This feature self-checks the capture system. The test insures each stop is functioning properly and is controllable by the capture system.

Advance to the 'SELF CHECK' window function (see Section A-2).



To start the self-check, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the word "OFF". Turn the CHANGE control knob to start the Self Check function.

The display will indicate the Self Check function is now "ON". The stops will turn on and off consecutively one at a time. If any stop position does light (or move, mechanical drawknobs), please notify your



certified Allen service technician. During the testing process you can stop the Self Check function at any time by turning the CHANGE control

knob until "OFF" appears within the display or by using the SET and CANCEL pistons to also return to the Main Window function (see Section A-2).

5. Sostenuto (optional on some models)

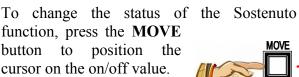
Sostenuto is an Italian word meaning "sustained." Unlike the sustain switch, which sustains any notes played as long as the sustain switch is held on, the Sostenuto switch sustains only the notes being held at the very moment it is pressed. Sostenuto is actuated by the organ's MIDI Sustain switch (which is optional on some organs) located to the left of the Great/Pedal expression shoe. The Sostenuto function must first be enabled before using it.

Advance to the 'SOSTENUTO' window function (see Section A-2).

The display will indicate which manual Sostenuto is assigned to and indicate the current on/off status

The manual which Sostenuto is Note: assigned to cannot be changed, but the on/off

status can.









Then, turn the CHANGE control knob to change the on/off status.

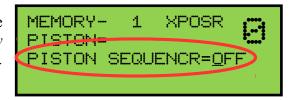
Important! Sostenuto will affect the internal voices of the organ as well as a MIDI instrument connected to the MIDI output. The Sustain function will operate in tandem with the Sostenuto function. Check your specific MIDI instrument's owner's manual to verify that it will receive and/or respond to MIDI Sostenuto messages.

6. Piston Sequencer (optional on some models)

The Piston Sequencer allows the organist to step through a sequence of registrations using piston/toe studs labeled "+" and "-". The Piston Sequencer is accessed and enabled through the *Main Window* function.



Important! If the Piston Sequencer feature is installed and enabled, the *Main Window* will display the Piston Sequencer status. Otherwise, the line will be blank.



Four modes of operation are available.

OFF: The Piston Sequencer is disabled. The "+" and "-" pistons/toe studs will not function.

SIMPLE STEPPER: This mode allows the organist to step sequentially through the available General pistons of a single capture memory level.

ADVANCED STEPPER: This mode allows the organist to step sequentially through the available General pistons of <u>all</u> capture memory levels.

CUSTOM SEQS: This mode allows the organist to step sequentially through a user programmed piston sequence of any available piston and capture memory level. Piston Sequence memory allows 512 steps allocated to a maximum of 99 sequences.

<u>Note</u>: Custom piston sequence data will be saved to the USB flash device when selecting the <u>ALL</u> capture data type option when saving capture memory registration data (see section B-3 in this manual for more information).

OFF MODE

To select the OFF mode, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the Piston Sequencer value.



Note: The organ will remember the Piston Sequencer mode setting when power is turned off. If Piston Sequencer was previously enabled, OFF mode may be selected to disable the Piston Sequencer.



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select OFF mode.

SIMPLE STEPPER MODE

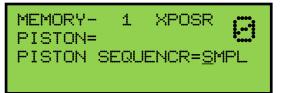
To select the SIMPLE STEPPER mode, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the Piston Sequencer value.

MOVE DISTONSEQUENCES



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select SIMPLE STEPPER mode.

SIMPLE STEPPER = "SMPL"



To use SIMPLE STEPPER, first reset the cursor position by pressing and holding the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press **CANCEL**. Release both pistons.



USING THE SIMPLE STEPPER

If SIMPLE STEPPER mode is activated, using the pistons/toe studs labeled "+" or "—", SIMPLE STEPPER will step up or down sequentially through all General Piston positions within the selected capture memory level, stopping when either extreme is reached.

To start SIMPLE STEPPER, select a capture memory level (see Section A-3) and then press General piston #1. The registration associated with the selected capture memory level and General piston #1 will register on the stops and the display will indicate that General #1



has been pressed. This will also set SIMPLE STEPPER's starting step position.

Note: Pressing the "+" or "—" piston will also select General #1 and also set SIMPLE STEPPERS starting step position.

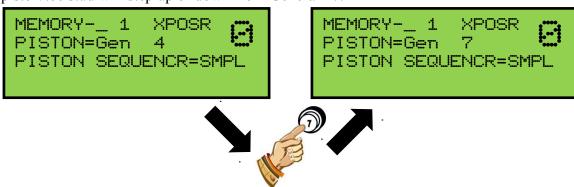
Pressing the "+" piston/toe stud will select the next General piston number, in this case General Piston #2.



Remember! If General #1 is displayed, the "—" piston will do nothing since General #1 is the lowest possible General piston number available.

SIMPLE STEPPER's step position may be changed at any time, on-the-fly, by pressing a different General piston than the one displayed. SIMPLE STEPPER will then step up or down from the newly selected General piston number when either the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud are pressed.

For example; if the SIMPLE STEPPER's current step position is General #4, pressing General #7 will not only change the registration, but will also set the SIMPLE STEPPER's step position to General #7. At this point, pressing either the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud will step up or down from General #7.



The capture memory level may also be changed at any time while within SIMPLE STEPPER mode. To change the capture memory level, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on capture memory level value. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a different capture memory level (see Section A-3).



Important! Changing the capture memory level will reset the SIMPLE STEPPER's step position value back to General #1. The organist will need to select a new starting step position by selecting and pressing a General piston or the organist can automatically start at General #1 by pressing the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud.

SIMPLE STEPPER will remember the <u>last</u> General piston pressed and will resume stepping from that step position based on whether the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud is pressed. Even if the **CANCEL** piston is pressed and the piston display cleared and/or a Divisional piston is pressed, SIMPLE STEPPER will remember the <u>last General piston pressed</u> and will resume stepping from that step position.

Example #1: General #5 is the current selected General piston. The organist presses CANCEL. The organist then presses the "+" piston. The piston display now indicates General #6 and sets the registration accordingly.

Synopsis: General #6 was selected because General #5 was the last active General piston before CANCEL was pressed and even though the piston display was blank.

ADVANCED STEPPER MODE

To select the ADVANCED STEPPER mode, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the Piston Sequencer value.

MOVE

MEMORY - 1 XPOSR PISTON=

PISTON=

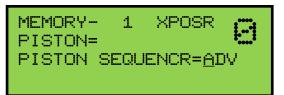
PISTON=

PISTON SEQUENCE=OFF



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select ADVANCED STEPPER mode.

ADVANCED STEPPER = "ADV"



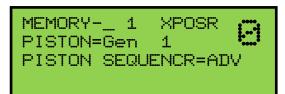
To use ADVANCED STEPPER, first reset the cursor position by pressing and holding the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press **CANCEL**. Release both pistons.



USING THE ADVANCED STEPPER

If the ADVANCED STEPPER mode is active, using the pistons/toe studs labeled "+" or "—", ADVANCED STEPPER will step up or down sequentially through all General Piston positions and through <u>all</u> capture memory levels, stopping when either extreme is reached.

To start ADVANCED STEPPER, select a capture memory level (see Section A-3) and then press General piston #1. The registration associated with the selected capture memory level and General piston #1 will register on the stops and the display will indicate that



General #1 has been pressed. This will also set ADVANCED STEPPER's starting step position.

Note: Pressing the "+" or "—" piston will also select General #1 and also set ADVANCED STEPPERS starting step position.

Pressing the "+" piston/toe stud will select the next General piston number, in this case General Piston #2.



Remember! If capture memory level #1 is selected and General #1 is displayed, the "—" piston will do nothing since General #1 is the lowest possible General piston number available.

Pressing the "+" piston/toe stud will begin stepping through each General piston number from the starting step position within the selected capture memory level. When the last General piston is reached and the "+" piston is pressed, the capture memory level value will increment by one (1) and General #1 will be selected within the next highest capture memory level. The same is true in reverse when the "—" piston is pressed. However, when General #1 is reached and the "—" piston is pressed, the capture memory level will decrement by one (1) and the last General piston will be selected within the next lowest capture memory level.

As with SIMPLE STEPPER, ADVANCED STEPPER's step position may be changed at any time, on-the-fly, by selecting a different capture memory level and/or also by pressing a different General piston other than the one displayed within the selected capture memory level. ADVANCED STEPPER will then step up or down from the newly selected capture memory level and/or General piston number when either the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud are pressed.

To change the capture memory level, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on capture memory level value. Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a different capture memory level (see Section A-3).

Important! Changing the capture memory level will reset ADVANCED STEPPER's step position back to General #1 within the newly selected capture memory level. The organist will need to select a new starting step position by selecting and pressing a General piston or the organist can automatically start at General #1 by pressing the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud.

To select a different General piston as a starting step position within the current capture memory level, simply press another General piston number.

ADVANCED STEPPER will also remember the <u>last</u> General piston pressed and will resume stepping from that step position based on whether the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud is pressed. Even if the **CANCEL** piston is pressed and the piston display cleared and/or a Divisional piston is pressed, ADVANCED STEPPER will remember the <u>last General piston pressed</u> and will resume stepping from that step position.

Example #2: General #9 is the current selected General piston. The organist presses Swell Divisional piston #4 to change only the Swell registration briefly (Sw 4 is shown within the piston display) and then presses the "+" piston to continue. The piston display indicates General #10 and sets the registration accordingly.

Synopsis: General #10 was selected because General #9 was the last active General piston before Swell Divisional #4 was pressed. Divisional pistons are not recognized as valid step positions when using either the SIMPLE or ADVANCED STEPPER modes.

CUSTOM SEQUENCE MODE

To select the CUSTOM SEQUENCE mode, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the Piston Sequencer value.

MOVE

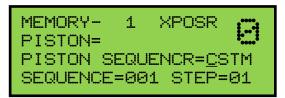
MOVE

PISTON SEQUENCE OFF



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select CUSTOM SEQUENCE mode.

CUSTOM SEQUENCE = "CSTM"



To use a CUSTOM SEQUENCE, first reset the cursor position by pressing and holding the **SET** piston. Then, while holding **SET**, press **CANCEL**. Release both pistons.



A custom piston sequence is completely programmable by the organist. Each step position is assigned a capture memory level, General or Divisional manual piston assignment and a piston number. This gives the organist the flexibility to be able to switch capture memory levels and piston assignments between each step position. The custom piston sequence can then be maneuvered sequentially through each programmed step by using the "+" or "—" piston buttons, stopping when either extreme is reached.

CUSTOM PISTON SEQUENCE EDITING FUNCTIONS

Custom Piston Sequences are created and modified within a special editing window function which precedes the *Main Window* function within the GeniSysTM Controller.

Note: The 'CUSTOM SEQUENCE' editing window function is only available if Custom Sequence mode is enabled.

There are four different editing functions available:

INSERT: Insert allows the organist to enter a new sequence or a new step within an existing piston sequence.

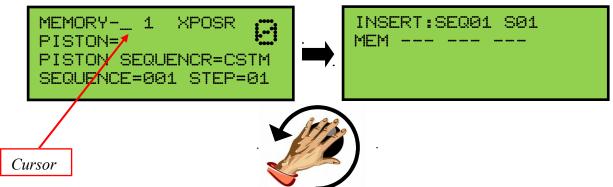
EDIT: Edit allows the organist to make changes to existing programmed steps. Capture memory level, piston division, and piston number may be edited within any step position.

SHOW: Show allows the organist to step through a piston sequence viewing the capture memory level, piston, and stop registration of each step.

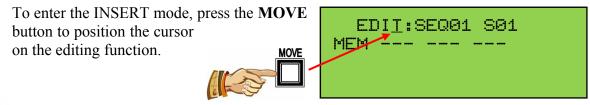
DELETE: Delete allows the user to remove an existing sequence or step within a piston sequence.

INSERT--CREATING A NEW CUSTOM SEQUENCE OR STEP

To advance to the Custom Sequence edit window function, make sure the *Main Window* function is displayed (see Section A-2). Then, make sure CUSTOM SEQUENCE mode is selected (see Section C-7) and that the cursor is then positioned on the "Menu Function" (see Section A-2). Turn the **CHANGE** control knob counter-clockwise to access the Custom Sequence edit window function.

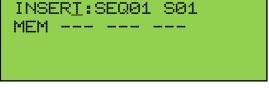


Note: If the organ does not contain any custom sequences, the editing window will automatically default to the INSERT mode. However, if the organ does contain custom sequences, the editing window will default to the EDIT mode.

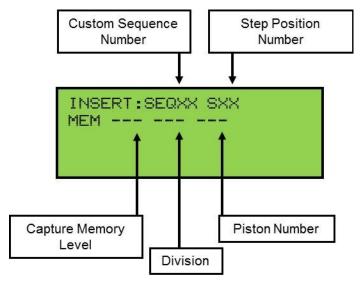




Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select "**INSERT**" mode.



There are several available data fields within the Custom Sequence editing windows. The organist has access to the custom sequence number, step position number, capture memory level, piston division assignment and piston number.



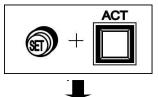




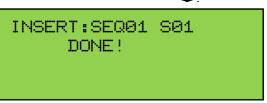
Use the MOVE button to position the cursor on a data field and the CHANGE control knob to select a desired value. Blank positions indicate the specified Sequence and Step have no programmed contents. Enter values for the Seq#, Step#, capture memory level, division and piston number.

INSERT:SEQ01 S01 MEM 1 Gen 8

Once the desired values have been set, use the **SET** piston and **ACT** button to save the data to the selected step position. "DONE!" will briefly flash on the display to indicate the current step position has been successfully saved to memory. Continue adding steps and sequences as desired.



In addition to creating a new piston sequence, the INSERT mode can add step positions into an existing piston sequence. To do this, using the MOVE button/CHANGE control knob, select an existing piston sequence number and step position number to insert a new step.



Note: If the step position number is positioned on the last step of the selected piston sequence, no higher step number may be selected. The step will be appended to the end of the piston sequence.

Select the desired values for the capture memory level, division and piston number. Use the **SET** piston and **ACT** buttons to save the selected data. "DONE!" will briefly flash on the display to indicate the step position has been successfully saved to memory.

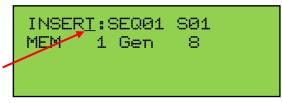
Note: Inserting and saving a new step position will move all subsequent steps within the piston sequence up by one step position.



Important! Do <u>not</u> use the INSERT mode to edit a step position. INSERT will only add steps into a piston sequence at the selected step position.

EDITING AN EXISTING STEP POSITION

To enter the EDIT mode, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the editing function.





Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select "**EDIT**" mode.

EDI<u>T</u>:SEQ01 S01 MEM 1 Gen 8

Using the MOVE button/CHANGE control knob; select a piston sequence number and step position number to be changed. Then, select and edit the desired capture memory level, division and piston number. Use the **SET** piston and **ACT** button to save the edited data. "DONE!" will briefly flash on the display to indicate the edited step position has been successfully saved to memory.

DELETING A CUSTOM SEQUENCE OR SINGLE STEP POSITION

To enter the DELETE mode, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the editing **MOVE**







function.

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select "**DELETE**" mode.

DELET<u>E</u>:SEQ01 S01 MEM 1 Gen 8

Using the MOVE button/CHANGE control knob, select a custom sequence number and/or step position number that is to be deleted.



Important! The cursor position determines whether a single step position or an entire custom sequence is deleted.

• If an entire piston sequence is to be deleted leave the cursor positioned within the custom sequence number field.

DELETE:SEQ<u>0</u>1 S01 MEM 1 Gen 8

• If a step position within a custom sequence is to be deleted leave the cursor positioned within the step position field.

DELETE:SEQØ1 S<u>Ø</u>1 MEM 1 Gen 8

<u>Check the CURSOR POSITION!!</u> DELETE cannot by undone once it has been performed.

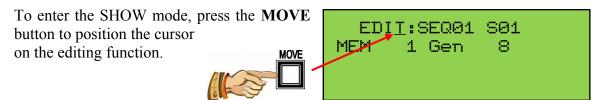
Use the **SET** piston and **ACT** button to delete the selected data. "DONE!" will briefly flash on the display to indicate the selected data has been deleted successfully.



Note: Deleting a step position within the middle of a piston sequence will cause all subsequent steps to shift down by one step position. Empty step positions are not allowed.

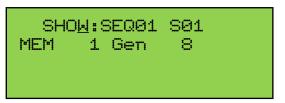
Note: Deleting <u>all</u> piston sequences from memory will cause the organ to automatically enter the INSERT mode while within the editing window.

SHOWING/PREVIEWING A PISTON SEQUENCE





Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select "**SHOW**" mode.

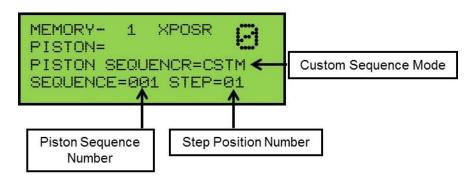


Using the MOVE button/CHANGE control knob, first select a custom sequence number and then a step position to be viewed. Use the CHANGE control knob to change the step position number. As the step position counter changes the selected step position's programmed data will appear within the display and will also be reflected on the organ's stop controls.

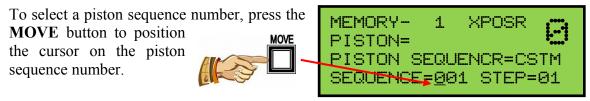
Show mode is provided as a "shortcut". Instead of exiting out of the editing window to view a custom sequence, the contents of custom sequences may be viewed from within the edit window function. Show mode displays step positions and programmed data within the display. Stop controls operate showing the registration saved for each step position. The organist can toggle back and forth between the editing modes by using the MOVE button and CHANGE control knob to make changes to the custom sequence.

USING A CUSTOM PISTON SEQUENCE

To use a custom piston sequence, make sure that the Custom Sequence mode is selected (see Sections C-7). The display will indicate the Custom Sequence mode is selected as well as the piston sequence number and step position (see below).



From here, the organist can select a custom piston sequence to use and step position. The capture memory level and piston display will reflect the programmed data within the selected step position number.





Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a piston sequence number.

To select a step position, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the step position number.

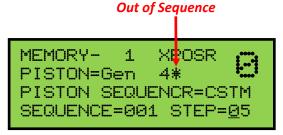
MOVE

MEMORY - 1 XPOSR PISTON = PISTON SEQUENCE=001 STEP=01



Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select a starting step position. Press the "+" or "—" piston/toe stud to start the custom sequence at the selected step position. The capture memory level and piston display will reflect the programmed data within the selected step position number and the registration will be reflected on the organ's stop controls.

Use the "+" and "—" pistons/toe studs to step up or down through the piston sequence. If at any time a different piston/toe stud is selected "out of sequence", the piston display will indicate a piston/toe stud was selected which is not within the programmed custom



sequence (see illustration). Selecting a piston/toe stud out of the programmed sequence will not change the step position counter value, only the registration of the selected piston/toe stud will be reflected on the organ's stop controls. To continue stepping through the custom sequence simply press the "+" or "—" piston/toe studs and the custom sequence will resume at the next programmed step position.

D. MIDI FUNCTIONS

This section explains the MIDI capabilities of your Allen Organ. Knowledge of this section is **not** required for everyday use of the organ, normal service playing, or use of Allen SmartMIDITM devices. This information's usefulness will ultimately be determined by your needs, along with the type and capabilities of any external MIDI devices you choose to use--e.g., sequencers, voice/sound modules and external MIDI keyboards. The MIDI topics covered by this manual are limited in scope. You need to understand the terms MIDI IN, OUT and THRU and their basic functions. To increase your understanding of MIDI and its capabilities it is suggested that you will need to read books or literature which describe how to use MIDI. See Section D later in this manual for more information regarding MIDI.

Note: You must also consult the owner's manual that covers the external MIDI device(s) you are using for more details of their operation.

1. Standard MIDI Channel Assignments

These are the Allen Organs' standard MIDI channels settings:

Classic Models (2, 3 or 4 Manuals)				
Channel		Organ Division		
1	=	Swell		
2	=	Great		
3	=	Pedal		
4	=	Choir		
5	=	Solo		
6	=	n/a		
7	=	G1/G2		
8	=	General		

Th	Theatre Models (2 or 3 Manuals)				
Channel		Organ Division			
1	=	Great			
2	=	Accomp.			
3	=	Pedal			
4	=	Solo			
5	=	Acc. 2 nd Touch			
6	=	Gt. 2 nd Touch			
7	=	T1/T2			
8	=	General			

Note: The MIDI Base Channel always resets to Channel 1 whenever the organ is turned on (see section C-5).

2. Selecting Program Change Modes

Program change modes establish how MIDI program changes will be sent from the organ when a piston is pressed and what the resulting display will be within the GeniSysTM Controller LCD. Once a particular program change mode is selected, the organ will retain this same program change mode (even when the organ is turned off) until a new program change mode is selected. These three mode options determine how the organ sends program change information to MIDI devices.

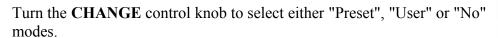
Selecting a Program Change Mode

Advance to the 'PROG CHANGE' window function (see Section A-2). It will display:



Press the MOVE button until the cursor is positioned on the Program Change mode value.









Important! You must understand how to operate and when to use each of these modes before you change them!

<u>PRESET</u> Mode: This mode causes the organ to send a program change number equal to the piston number that is pressed. Preset mode also allows the organ to transmit the capture memory level value whenever the capture memory level is changed or whenever the CANCEL piston is pressed. The General Pistons will send program changes 1-10 on MIDI Channel 8, the organ's General Piston control channel. The Divisional Pistons for each division will send program changes on the respective MIDI channels as shown on the previous page. For example, Swell Piston 1 will send Program Change 1 on MIDI Channel 1. Great Piston 2 will send Program Change 2 on MIDI Channel 2, etc. (*See Section D-6*).

<u>USER</u> Mode: In this mode, the organ is capable of sending any program change number on any piston that will select voices, change banks, or change program "patch" numbers on another MIDI device. Any MIDI program change number from 1 through 128 can be assigned to any General or Divisional Piston (blank or no digit may also be selected). Any MIDI bank switch number between 0 and 127 can be assigned to any Divisional Piston. As in PRESET mode, General Pistons will send program change information on MIDI Channel 8. Divisional Pistons will send program change information on their respective MIDI channels. (See Section D-6)

Note: The capture memory level value is not transmitted while in USER mode.

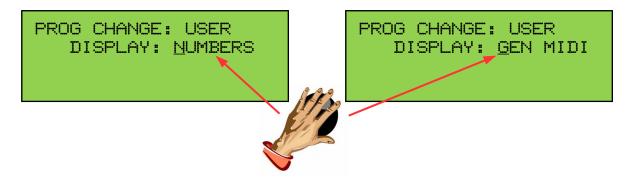
<u>NO</u> Mode: With this mode selected, NO program change information is either transmitted or received.

3. General MIDI Sound Names or Program Numbers

The GeniSys[™] Controller[™] can display MIDI program changes as either MIDI program numbers or as General MIDI sound names while in USER Program Change mode. First, make sure the Program Change mode is set to USER (see section D-2). Press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the Display mode value.



Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select one of the two available modes.



General MIDI Sound Names

With General MIDI mode selected, the 'PROG CHANGE' window will display:

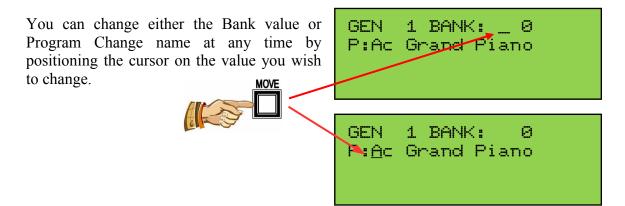


Advance to the next window function then press a piston to view the sound names for any General MIDI device. The next window will display:



When a General piston is pressed, the GeniSys[™] Controller[™] will display the General MIDI sound name which corresponds to the MIDI program change selected. For example, press General Piston 1. The GeniSys[™] Controller[™] will display the MIDI program change name assigned to that piston.

GEN 1 BANK: 0 P:Ac Grand Piano **Note:** In some cases, the General MIDI sound name may be abbreviated.





Then, turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the selected value. *Section D-4* explains this procedure in more detail.

- 1. Any Bank value between 0 and 127 may be selected.
- 2. Any General MIDI sound name may be selected and assigned to a piston. See *Section D-4* later in this manual for a list of available General MIDI sound names.

Program Numbers:

With NUMBERS selected as the display mode, the 'MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE' window function will display:

```
GEN 1 BANK: ---
P:
```

With PRESET selected as the program change mode, press a General piston. The GeniSysTM Controller will display the same MIDI program change number as the associated piston pressed. For example, pressing General Piston 1 will display:

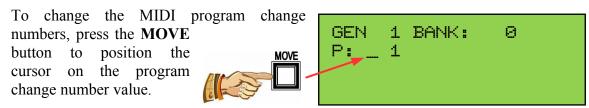
```
GEN 1 BANK: ---
P: 1
```



Important! The MIDI program change number will be displayed in PRESET mode, no matter if NUMBERS or GEN MIDI is selected. USER mode <u>must</u> be selected to view the GENERAL MIDI sound names. USER mode must also be selected to be able to assign MIDI program change numbers higher than the highest number of General pistons.

With USER selected as the program change mode, along with NUMBERS as the display mode, "- - -" (OFF) or any program change number from 1 through 128 may be assigned to any General piston.

There may be a number or "- - -" following the "**P:**". This "**P:**" represents the Program Change Number and does not stand for PRESET in this window. If there is "- - -" following "**P:**" this means that the "ZERO" Program Change Number will be sent from the associated piston.





Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the program number value. *Section D-4* explains this procedure in more detail.

Note: The Allen Organ uses MIDI Program Change Zero as a message for "MIDI OFF."



Important! MIDI Program Change 1 corresponds to the General MIDI sound "Acoustic Grand Piano." Some MIDI devices do not use MIDI Program Change Zero as MIDI OFF. Consequently, Program Change Zero, ("- - -" in the display) when sent from the organ, will correspond to Program Change 1 on those MIDI devices, MIDI Program Change 1 will correspond to MIDI Program Change 2, etc. You <u>must</u> understand how the connected MIDI device responds to MIDI program changes to know which program change numbers to assign to a General piston to be able to get a selected voice on a given MIDI device. Refer to the specific MIDI device's owner's manual for more information about MIDI program change response.

4. Assigning MIDI Program Changes to Organ Pistons

This function allows the organist to select any voice on an external MIDI device by pressing any General piston on the organ. The "USER" program change mode <u>must</u> be selected *(See Section D-2)*. Advance to the 'MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE' window function *(see Section A-2)*.



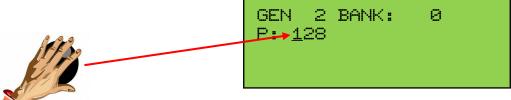
For this example press the General Piston 2. The display will change to:



The LCD will display the piston pressed and the MIDI program number being transmitted by that piston.



To change the value transmitted, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the program change number value. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the program number value. Any program number of (1-128) may be selected (see Section D-1).



Note: Once a MIDI program change number is assigned to a piston, that program number will remain assigned to that piston even if the organ has been turned off.



Important! Once MIDI program change programming is complete the organist must exit the piston programming window function, by using the **SET** and **CANCEL** pistons (see Section A-2), for any changes to take effect.



5. MIDI Bank Selecting

Many MIDI devices permit access to a variety of sounds in addition to the General MIDI sounds. Normally these additional sounds are stored in groups called BANKS. A BANK in MIDI terminology means a group of voices or sounds. There are two levels of banks. One level offers two choices, High Bank and Low Bank. Each of these, High Bank and Low Bank, has as sub-groups other level of banks, BANK Numbers.

MIDI devices can have as many as 128 sounds/voices per BANK Number. There can also be 128 available BANK Numbers (0 through 127). With 128 BANK Numbers, each could contain up to 128 voices/sounds, for a total of 16,384 sounds. For an easier explanation, think of these BANK Numbers as floors or stories in a tall building. Each floor would contain 128 rooms and each room could then contain 128 voices.

There are MIDI devices that are High Bank and Low Bank compatible. It would be possible for these MIDI devices to have as many as (128 X 128 X 2 = 32,768 voices/sounds) 128 voices/sounds in each of the 128 BANK Numbers, in each of the High and Low Banks. Most MIDI devices do not use all of the locations available. It would be very expensive as well as difficult to remember the address for each sound location. There are also MIDI devices that offer only General MIDI sounds/voices. These General MIDI devices may operate using High Bank or Low Bank, but only the sub-group 0 Bank Number is used to store the 128 General MIDI sound settings. Allen Organs are able to access any of the Banks and therefore can communicate with all MIDI devices.

Note: You <u>MUST</u> know the capabilities of, and understand how to operate, the MIDI device you intend to use with the organ!

Selecting High Bank or Low Bank:

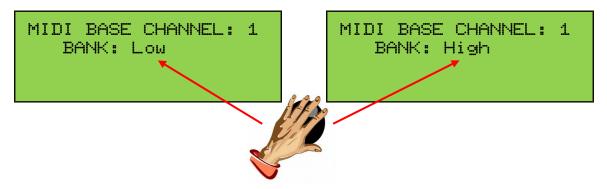
Advance to the 'MIDI BASE CHANNEL' window function (see Section A-2).



Press the **MOVE** button until the cursor is positioned on the BANK value.



Turn the CHANGE control knob to select either HIGH or LOW Bank priority.



Selecting MIDI Bank Numbers:

Bank Numbers are assignable in the same way that MIDI Program Numbers are (*See Section D-3*). You <u>MUST</u> have USER mode selected before assigning Bank numbers! Advance to the 'MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE' window function (*see Section A-2*).



For this example press the General piston #1. The display will change to:



The window will display the piston pressed, the MIDI BANK Number, and the program number being sent by that piston.

Press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the MIDI Bank number value. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the MIDI BANK number value.





Note: Refer to the Bank selection/program number chart in the owner's manual for the external MIDI device you are using to be sure you are using a valid Bank number value.

Note: Once you have assigned a MIDI BANK Number to a piston, that number will remain assigned to that piston even if the organ has been turned off.



Important! Once MIDI Bank change programming is complete the user must exit the piston programming window function, by using the **SET** and **CANCEL** pistons (see Section A-2), for any changes to take effect.



6. Changing the MIDI Base Channel

This function allows the organist to change the setting of the MIDI Base Channel. The Base Channel is a reference point to establish the positioning of the other 15 MIDI channels on the organ. On Allen Organs, the Base Channel equals the Swell Division's channel of transmission (i.e., if the Base Channel = 1, then the Swell Channel = 1, if the Base Channel = 2, then the Swell Channel = 2, etc.). Moving the Base Channel allows you to shift the organ's range of MIDI channels, this is helpful when reassigning an external MIDI device from one organ division to another.



Important! The Base Channel always resets to MIDI Channel 1 whenever the organ is turned on.

Advance to the 'MIDI BASE CH' window function (see Section A-2).

MIDI BASE CHANNEL: 1 BANK: Low





Press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the MIDI Base Channel value. Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the value. All functions associated with a particular division will transmit and receive on its assigned channel. For example, MIDI Channel 1 is normally assigned to the Swell Division and the Swell Manual. Therefore, keying velocity or on/off messages will be transmitted and received on MIDI Channel 1 (*See Section D-1 for Allen MIDI Channel Assignments*).

If the Base Channel is set to 2, all of the channels will shift higher by one. Now; Swell = 2, Great = 3, Pedal = 4 and the General Pistons = 9.

Note: MIDI Channel numbers will wrap, i.e. as MIDI channel numbers only go to 16 and then repeat to 1.

7. MIDI Expression Settings

Advance to the 'MIDI EXPRESSION' window function (see Section A-2).

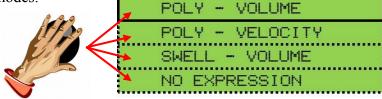




There are four modes for transmitting expression data via MIDI. To select an expression mode, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the expression setting value (line 2) of the display.

Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to select one of the four different expression modes.

Note: The default expression mode setting is always POLY-VOLUME.



MIDI EXPRESSION

MIDI Expression Modes:

POLY-VOLUME — this is the normal expression mode setting where the expression data is distributed among the appropriate MIDI channels.

POLY-VELOCITY — this setting should be selected if you are using a percussion-type voice from a sound module or an external MIDI keyboard. For example, if a digital piano sound were played from the organ keyboard through MIDI Channel 1, the piano could be made to sound more realistic. By opening the Swell expression shoe, the piano strings would appear to be struck harder than when the Swell pedal was in the closed position.



Important! This mode setting should only be used if the organ does <u>not</u> contain velocity sensitive keying.

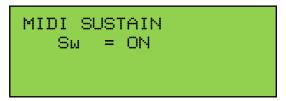
Note: In POLY-VELOCITY mode, all expression information is sent in key velocity form. Changes in velocity will occur only when a new key is struck. Consequently, if you change the position of the expression pedal after a key is struck there will be no change in velocity until a new key is struck. Use this mode only when a velocity-sensitive external MIDI device is connected. If this mode is selected when recording to a sequencer, the expression on the organ will not function when playing back from the sequencer.

SWELL-VOLUME — this mode setting causes MIDI expression data to be sent only on the Swell MIDI channel. Some early sequencers can only interpret one volume message.

NO EXPRESSION — No MIDI expression (volume) data sent.

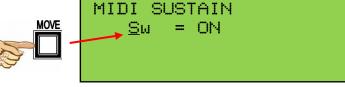
8. MIDI Sustain Kick Switch (optional on some models)

A lever located to the left of the expression shoe and controlled by the organist's foot, operates MIDI sustain. This function can be assigned to any one of or all of the instrument's manuals. Advance to the 'MIDI SUSTAIN' window function (see Section A-2).



To select an organ keyboard (manual), press the MOVE button to position the

cursor on the manual abbreviation.

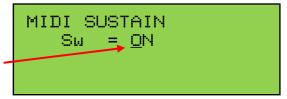




Turn the CHANGE control knob to select an organ keyboard.

To turn the MIDI Sustain function on/off on the selected manual, press the MOVE button to position the cursor on the MIDI Sustain value.







Turn the CHANGE control knob to turn the selected manual on/off.

OFF will not allow MIDI Sustain messages to be transmitted, **ON** will allow MIDI sustain messages to be transmitted on a given keyboard (manual) or MIDI channel. For example, when a PIANO voice in an external MIDI device (voice module) is selected and the MIDI sustain for that given MIDI channel (division) is turned ON, and the foot controlled sustain lever is actuated, the piano sound will slowly decay.

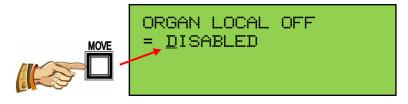
9. Organ Local Off

Organ Local Off is a function that allows the user to "virtually" disconnect the organ's keyboards, pedalboard and pistons from the organ's tone generation and capture system. In essence, the organ is transformed into a sophisticated multi-manual MIDI controller.

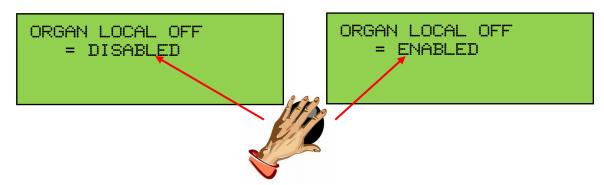
To enable/disable the Organ Local Off function, advance to the 'ORGAN LOCAL OFF' window function (see Section A-2).

> ORGAN LOCAL OFF = DISABLED

To enable/disable the Organ Local Off function, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the Local Off control value.



Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the enable/disable value.



Note: When Organ Local Off is enabled, the MIDI stops do <u>not</u> need to be on to play the external MIDI device(s).

10. Transmission/Reception of Individual Stop Data

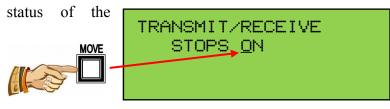
This function allows the organist to turn on/off the transmission and reception of individual stop data, known in MIDI terminology as "Non-Registered Parameters". In some cases individual stop data (on/off) from the organ may conflict with data from an external MIDI device. When this occurs, select the "OFF" position.

Note: Piston changes will still be transmitted and received, because they are classified as MIDI program changes.

Advance to the 'TRANSMIT / RECEIVE STOPS' window function:



To change the on/off Transmit/Receive Stops function, press the **MOVE** button to position the cursor on the control value.





Turn the **CHANGE** control knob to change the transmit/receive status on or off.

E. MIDI GUIDE

1. MIDI for Organists

The term MIDI is an acronym for Musical Instrument Digital Interface. Since 1983, MIDI has been adopted by the music industry as a standard means of communication between digital musical devices enabling instruments of different types and manufacturers to communicate. MIDI by itself will not make a sound. It is not necessary to understand all of the technical aspects of MIDI in order to take advantage of the benefits it offers. It is important to explore the potential MIDI holds for musicians, as well as the various MIDI applications available today.

Types of MIDI Devices

MIDI devices fall into two categories.

- The first category consists of musical instruments such as organs and synthesizers that transmit and receive MIDI data.
- The second category includes controllers and processors that, as their name implies, can transmit, receive or manipulate MIDI data, but do not necessarily produce sound themselves. Sequencers, which are MIDI recording devices, fall into this category. Although the technical nature of their recording and editing processes differs from those of a tape recorder, many operate in similar fashion. Most are equipped with record, playback, fast forward and reverse controls that function in the same way as their tape recorder counterparts.

Types of MIDI Data

There are several types of MIDI messages that can be sent from one device to another. The most common is keying information, allowing one device to sense which keys have been played on another device. This means an organ equipped with MIDI can send information to other MIDI devices, e.g., synthesizers or sequencers, and can play those devices simultaneously or record information to be played back later.

Allen Organs incorporate an advanced MIDI system allowing the transmission and reception of all types of MIDI information (velocity keying, volume, sustain, registrations and much more). It is even possible to control several devices from one manual simultaneously, or control a different device from each manual of the console.

MIDI as a Practice Tool

For the organist/choir director, the MIDI organ console and sequencer are valuable rehearsal tools for both choral and organ works. Anthem accompaniments may be recorded in advance and played back by the sequencer during choir rehearsal. The director, freed from the role of accompanist, can focus entirely on directing the choir. The sequencer can play the music back at a slower tempo without affecting pitch or at a lower pitch without affecting tempo, features that are useful in rehearsing difficult choral passages.

If the sequencer allows multi-tracking, each vocal section's part may be recorded on a different track, and then played back individually, or in any combination, for more flexibility. Multi-tracking can also be used in teaching and learning new organ works. The teacher may record each hand or pedal part on a different track, allowing the student to "mute" or turn off any part being practiced while still being able to hear the sequencer play the rest of the composition. The student's ability to hear the piece in its entirety from the earliest stage of learning a composition, and to become aware of the interrelationship of its voices, is especially valuable in learning contrapuntal works.

MIDI as a Registration Tool

In some churches and auditoriums it is difficult to judge the effectiveness of a registration from the organ console. Due to the acoustics of the room, or positioning of the console, the sound of the instrument may be different when listened to from the congregation's or audience's vantage point. MIDI allows the organist to evaluate registrations by recording the music using a sequencer, and then listening from different locations in the room during the music's playback.

Other MIDI Uses

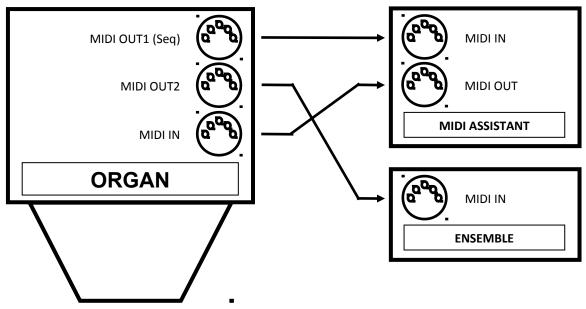
MIDI has created new possibilities for the organist. The ability of the organ console to control external keyboards or sound modules puts an ever-increasing array of non-traditional sounds at the organist's fingertips. A superior degree of control is made possible by the flexibility of an organ console. The ability to record MIDI data using a sequencer opens a variety of new possibilities during practice and performance situations.

Computer software programs are also available that allow musicians to play MIDI devices connected to a computer, and have their performance printed as conventional five-line musical notation. Because MIDI is an industry-wide standard, today's MIDI instruments will be compatible with tomorrow's MIDI innovations.

2. Allen's Exclusive MIDI System

Allen Organs feature an advanced MIDI system with increased flexibility. This system provides a comprehensive interface between MIDI sound modules, such as the Allen EnsembleTM, and digital sequencers such as the Allen MIDI AssistantTM. Two MIDI Out ports, one switched and one unswitched, allow unprecedented control over external MIDI devices attached to the organ.

Under normal circumstances, MIDI sound modules should be connected to the switched MIDI port, labeled MIDI OUT 2. Doing so allows the organist to disable the sending of MIDI keying data from the organ to the sound module. Devices such as MIDI sequencers should be connected to the unswitched MIDI port, labeled MIDI OUT 1, eliminating the necessity of having to draw the MIDI stop controls before recording a digital sequence. The drawing below illustrates the proper procedure for connecting the Allen EnsembleTM and Allen MIDI AssistantTM to an Allen Organ.



3. MIDI Transmission Channels

MIDI information may be transmitted on several different channels simultaneously. This allows many channels of information to be sent through one cable and used independently from one another, similar to the way many television broadcasts can be sent through one cable. In order to receive the intended information, a MIDI device must be tuned to the same channel as the device that is sending the information.

Your Allen Organ transmits MIDI information on several channels. When external MIDI devices are connected to the organ, it is important to make sure that the devices' channels of transmission and reception match the MIDI channels of the Allen Organ divisions to which they are assigned.

MIDI Program Change Messages are transmitted from the organ's General Pistons on MIDI Channel 8. These program change messages can be used to change the settings of MIDI sound modules or synthesizers that are connected to the organ. Please consult the owner's manual of your MIDI device(s) for more information on how MIDI Program Change Messages are handled by that particular device.

In addition to keying and divisional registration information, MIDI Volume Messages are sent on the individual MIDI channels for each division of the organ. These volume messages are controlled by the expression shoe. In this manner, the volume of connected MIDI devices may be controlled.

Please consult the owner's manual of your MIDI device(s) for more information on how MIDI Volume information is handled by that device. If any external MIDI device is used to transmit information to the Allen organ, the same assignment of MIDI channels must be used as described elsewhere in this manual.

4. General MIDI Sound List

1. Acoustic Grand Piano 2. Bright Acoustic Piano 3. Electric Grand Piano 4. Honky-tonk Piano 5. Rhodes Piano 6. Chorused Piano 7. Harpsichord 8. Clavinet 9. Celesta 10. Glockenspiel 11. Music Box 12. Vibraphone 13. Marimba 14. Xylophone 15. Tubular Bells 16. Dulcimer 17. Hammond Organ 18. Percussive Organ 19. Rock Organ 20. Church Organ 21. Reed Organ 22. Accordion 23. Harmonica 24. Tango Accordion 25. Acoustic Guitar (nylon) 26. Acoustic Guitar (steel) 27. Electric Guitar (jazz) 28. Electric Guitar (clean) 29. Electric Guitar (muted) 30. Overdriven Guitar 31. Distortion Guitar 32. Guitar Harmonics 33. Acoustic Bass 34. Electric Bass (finger) 35. Electric Bass (pick) 36. Fretless Bass 37. Slap Bass 1 38. Slap Bass 2 39. Synth Bass 1 40. Synth Bass 2 41. Violin

42. Viola

43. Cello

44. Contrabass 45. Tremolo Strings 46. Pizzicato Strings 47. Orchestral Harp 48. Timpani 49. String Ensemble 1 50. String Ensemble 2 51. Synth Strings 1 52. Synth Strings 2 53. Choir Aahs 54. Voice Oohs 55. Synth Voice 56. Orchestra Hit 57. Trumpet 58. Trombone 59. Tuba 60. Muted Trumpet 61. French Horn 62. Brass Section 63. Synth Brass 1 64. Synth Brass 2 65. Soprano Sax 66. Alto Sax 67. Tenor Sax 68. Baritone Sax 69. Oboe 70. English Horn 71. Bassoon 72. Clarinet 73. Piccolo 74. Flute 75. Recorder 76. Pan Flute 77. Bottle Blow 78. Shakuhachi 79. Whistle 80. Ocarina 81. Lead 1 (square) 82. Lead 2 (sawtooth) 83. Lead 3 (calliope lead) 84. Lead 4 (chiff lead) 85. Lead 5 (charang)

86. Lead 6 (voice) 87. Lead 7 (fifths) 88. Lead 8 (brass + lead) 89. Pad 1 (new age) 90. Pad 2 (warm) 91. Pad 3 (polysynth) 92. Pad 4 (choir) 93. Pad 5 (bowed) 94. Pad 6 (metallic) 95. Pad 7 (halo) 96. Pad 8 (sweep) 97. FX 1 (rain) 98. FX 2 (soundtrack) 99. FX 3 (crystal) 100. FX 4 (atmosphere) 101. FX 5 (brightness) 102. FX 6 (goblins) 103. FX 7 (echoes) 104. FX 8 (sci-fi) 105. Sitar 106. Banjo 107. Shamisen 108. Koto 109. Kalimba 110. Bagpipe 111. Fiddle 112. Shanai 113. Tinkle Bell 114. Agogo 115. Steel Drums 116. Woodblock 117. Taiko Drum 118. Melodic Tom 119. Synth Drum 120. Reverse Cymbal 121. Guitar Fret Noise 122. Breath Noise 123. Seashore 124. Bird Tweet 125. Telephone Ring 126. Helicopter 127. Applause 128. Gunshot

5. GeniSysTM Voices Sound List

Grand Piano OOI A Accordion 022 Bugle 057A Grand Piano OOI B Harmonica 023 Trombone 058 Grand Piano OOI C Tango Accordian 024 Tuba 058 Grand Piano OOI D Ac Guitar Steel 026 French Horn 060 Piano 16 OOI E LG Guitar-Valed 028 Brass Section 062 Piano 16 OOI E El Guitar-Valed 029 Bynth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano 002 E El Guitar-Muted 029 Synth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano-L 002A Ovardive Guitar 030 Synth Brass 2 064 Bright Piano-L 002B Distortd Guitar 031 Sprano Sax 065 Bright Piano-L 002D Acouste BassSub 033 Tenor Sax 066 Bright Piano-M2 002D Acouste BassSub 033A Baritone Sax 068 Bright Piano-M3 004 Finger Bass 034 Oboe	Grand Piano	001	Reed Organ	021	Trumpet	057
Grand Piano 001 Cmapo Accordian 023 mode Tuba Trombone 058 Grand Piano 001 Dmap Ac Guitar Nylon 025 mode Tuba 059 Grand Piano 001 Dmap Ac Guitar Steel 026 mode French Horn 060 OctavPiano 16-4 001 Emap El Guitar-Jazz 027 mode French Horn 062 Piano 16 001 Emap El Guitar-Juzz 027 mode French Horn 062 Bright Piano 002 Dmap El Guitar-Muted 029 mode Synth Brass Section 062 Bright Piano-L 002 Outour Goutar 030 mode Synth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano-L 002 Outour Guitar 031 mode Synth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano-L 002 Outour Guitar Harmones 032 mode Mode Mode Mode Mode Mode Mode Mode M			•		*	
Grand Piano 001C Tango Accordian 024 Tuba 059 Grand Piano 001D Ac Guitar Nylon 025 Muted Trumpet 060 Piano Resonance 001F Ac Guitar Steel 026 French Horn 061 Piano 16 001G El Guitar-Clean 028 Brass Section 062 Piano 16 001G El Guitar-Clean 028 Brass Sensemb 062A Bright Piano 002 El Guitar-Glean 028 Brass Ensemb 062A Bright Piano-NI 002 Do2B Distortd Guitar 031 Synth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano-M1 002C Guitar Harmones 032 Alto Sax 066 Bright Piano-M2 002D Acoustic Bass 033 Tenor Sax 066 Bright Piano-M1 004 Finger Bass 034 Oboe 068 Hohky-Tonk 004 Finger Bass 034 Dooe 069 El Piano Tines-L 005 Fireked Bass 035						
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Piano Resonance 001F Ac Guitar Steel 026 French Horn 061 OctavPiano 16-4 001F El Guitar-Jazz 027 Brass Section 062 Pight Piano 000 El Guitar-Muted 029 Synth Brass 1 063 Bright Piano-L 002A Ovrdrive Guitar 031 Synth Brass 2 064 Bright Piano-L 002B Distortd Guitar 031 Synth Brass 2 065 Bright Piano-MI 002C Guitar Harmones 032 Alto Sax 066 Bright Piano-MI 002C Guitar Harmones 032 Alto Sax 066 Bright Piano-MI 002 Acoustic Bass 033 Tenor Sax 067 El Grand Piano 003 Acoustic Bass 033 Tenor Sax 066 Horky-Tonk 004 Finger Bass 034 Oboe 068 Bel Piano Tines-L 005A Picked Bass 035 Bassoon 071 Epiano Fines-L 005B Picked Bass Sub 035A			· ·			
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Bright Piano-XL 002A Ovrdrive Guitar 030 Synth Brass 2 064 Bright Piano-MI 002C Distortd Guitar 031 Soprano Sax 065 Bright Piano-MI 002C Guitar Harmones 032 Alto Sax 066 Bright Piano-M2 002D Acouste Bass 033 Tenor Sax 067 El Grand Piano 003 Acouste Bass 033 Tenor Sax 067 El Grand Piano 004 Finger Bass 034 Oboe 069 El Piano I 005 Finger BassSub 034A English Horn 070 Epiano Tines-L 005A Picked BassSub 035A Clarinet 072 Epiano FM-L 005C Fretless Bass 036 Piccolo 073 Epiano FM-L 005D Fretlss BassSub 036A Piucelo 072 El piano FM-L 005D Fretlss BassSub 036A Piucelo 073 El piano FM-L 005D Fretlss BassSub 036A Piucelo						
Bright Piano-L 002B Distortd Guitar 031 Soprano Sax 065 Bright Piano-M1 002C Guitar Harmoncs 032 Alto Sax 066 Bright Piano-M2 002D Acoustic Bass 033 Baritone Sax 066 El Grand Piano 003 Acoustic BassSub 033A Baritone Sax 068 Honky-Tonk 004 Finger BassSub 034A Deglish Horn 070 El Piano 1 005 Finger BassSub 034A Deglish Horn 070 Epiano Tines-L 005B Picked Bass 035A Clarinet 072 Epiano FM-L 005C Fretless Bass 036A Flute 073 Epiano-FM-Soft 005D Fretless Basssub 036A Flute 074 El Piano 2 006 Slap Bass Sub 037A Pan Flute 075 Harpsichord-M 007A Slap Bass Sub 037A Pan Flute 076 Harpsichord-M2 007D Synth Bass 1Sub 039A Whistle	•				•	
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Honky-Tonk Dot	•					
El Piano I 005 Finger BassSub 034 English Horn 070 EPiano Tines-XL 005A Picked Bass 035 Bassoon 071 Epiano Tines-L 005B Picked Bass 035A Clarinet 072 El piano FM-L 005C Fretless Bass 036 Piccolo 073 Epiano-FM-Soft 005D Fretless BassSub 036A Flute 074 El Piano 2 006 Slap Bass 1 037 Recorder 075 Harpsichord 007 Slap Bass 2 038 Blown Bottle 077 Harpsichord-L 007B Synth Bass 1 039 Shakuhachi 078 Harpsichord-M1 007C Synth Bass 1Sub 039A Whistle 079 Harpsichord-M2 007D Synth Bass 2Dub 040A Lead-square w 081 Harpsichord-B4 007E Synth Bass 2Sub 040A Lead-square w 081 Harpsichord-B4 007F Violin 041 Lead-square w						
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Chrysoglott 010A Cello Ensemble 043A Lead6-Voice 086 Orchestra Bells 010B Contrabass 044 Lead7-5ths 087 Handbells 010C Tremolo Strings 045 Lead8-bass+lead 088 Music Box 011 Pizzcato Strngs 046 Fantasia 089 Vibraphone 012 Orchestral Harp 047 Warm 090 Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Woo	Celesta	009	Viola	042	*	084
Orchestra Bells 010B Contrabass 044 Lead7-5ths 087 Handbells 010C Tremolo Strings 045 Lead8-bass+lead 088 Music Box 011 Pizzcato Strngs 046 Fantasia 089 Vibraphone 012 Orchestral Harp 047 Warm 090 Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 1 051 Crystal 098 Tubular	Glockenspiel	010	Cello	043	Lead5-Charang	085
Handbells 010C Tremolo Strings 045 Lead8-bass+lead 088 Music Box 011 Pizzcato Strngs 046 Fantasia 089 Vibraphone 012 Orchestral Harp 047 Warm 090 Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 1 051 Crystal 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Carillon </td <td>Chrysoglott</td> <td>010A</td> <td>Cello Ensemble</td> <td>043A</td> <td>Lead6-Voice</td> <td>086</td>	Chrysoglott	010A	Cello Ensemble	043A	Lead6-Voice	086
Music Box 011 Pizzcato Strngs 046 Fantasia 089 Vibraphone 012 Orchestral Harp 047 Warm 090 Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer	Orchestra Bells	010B	Contrabass	044	Lead7-5ths	087
Vibraphone 012 Orchestral Harp 047 Warm 090 Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer	Handbells	010C	Tremolo Strings	045	Lead8-bass+lead	088
Vibraphone-L 012A Timpani 048 Polysynth 091 Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ	Music Box	011	Pizzcato Strngs	046	Fantasia	089
Vibraphone-M 012B String Ensemb 1 049 Choir 092 Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ	Vibraphone	012	Orchestral Harp	047	Warm	090
Vibraharp 012C String Ensemb 2 049A Bowed 093 Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ <td< td=""><td>Vibraphone-L</td><td>012A</td><td>Timpani</td><td>048</td><td>Polysynth</td><td>091</td></td<>	Vibraphone-L	012A	Timpani	048	Polysynth	091
Marimba 013 String Ensemb 3 049B Metallic 094 Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Vibraphone-M	012B	String Ensemb 1	049	Choir	092
Marimba 2 013A String Ensemb 4 049C Halo 095 Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Vibraharp	012C	String Ensemb 2	049A	Bowed	093
Xylophone 014 Slow Strings 1 050 Sweep 096 Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Marimba	013	String Ensemb 3	049B	Metallic	094
Wood Harp 8 014A Slow Strings 2 050A Rain 097 Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105		013A	String Ensemb 4	049C	Halo	095
Wood Harp 4 014B Slow Strings 3 050B Soundtrack 098 Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Xylophone	014	Slow Strings 1	050	Sweep	096
Tubular Bell 015 Synth Strings 1 051 Crystal 099 Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Wood Harp 8	014A	Slow Strings 2	050A	Rain	097
Chimes 015A Synth Strings 2 052 Atmosphere 100 Carillon 015B Choir Aahs 053 Brightness 101 Dulcimer 016 Choir-L-S 053A Goblins 102 Drawbar Organ 017 Choir-M 053B Echoes 103 Percuss Organ 018 Voice Oohs 054 Sci-Fi 104 Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Wood Harp 4	014B	Slow Strings 3	050B	Soundtrack	098
Carillon015BChoir Aahs053Brightness101Dulcimer016Choir-L-S053AGoblins102Drawbar Organ017Choir-M053BEchoes103Percuss Organ018Voice Oohs054Sci-Fi104Rock Organ019Synth Voice055Sitar105	Tubular Bell	015	Synth Strings 1	051	Crystal	099
Dulcimer016Choir-L-S053AGoblins102Drawbar Organ017Choir-M053BEchoes103Percuss Organ018Voice Oohs054Sci-Fi104Rock Organ019Synth Voice055Sitar105	Chimes	015A	Synth Strings 2	052	Atmosphere	100
Drawbar Organ017Choir-M053BEchoes103Percuss Organ018Voice Oohs054Sci-Fi104Rock Organ019Synth Voice055Sitar105	Carillon	015B	Choir Aahs	053	Brightness	101
Percuss Organ018Voice Oohs054Sci-Fi104Rock Organ019Synth Voice055Sitar105	Dulcimer	016	Choir-L-S			
Rock Organ 019 Synth Voice 055 Sitar 105	Drawbar Organ					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Percuss Organ					
Organ 020 Orchestra Hit 056 Banjo 106	Rock Organ		•		Sitar	
	Organ	020	Orchestra Hit	056	Banjo	106

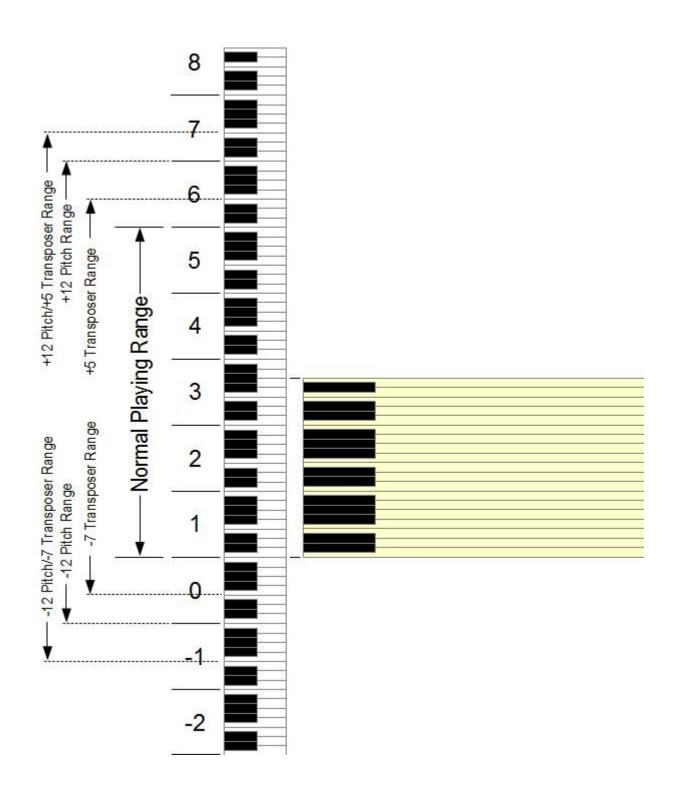
Shamisen	107	8 Dulcn Celeste	144	8 Cor Anglais	181
Koto	108	5 1/3 Quinte	145	8 French Horn	182
Kalimba	109	5 1/3 Quint	146	8 Clarinet	183
Bag Pipe	110	4 Octave	147	8 Schalmei	184
Fiddle	111	4 Engl Octave	148	8 Vox Humana A	185
Shanai	112	4 Harmonic Flt	149	8 Vox Humana B	186
Tinkle Bell	113	4 Viole	150	4 Klarine	187
Agogo	114	2 Piccolo	151	4 Clarion	188
Steel Drums	115	1 1/3 Larigot	152	4 Schalmei	189
Woodblock	116	1 1/7 Septieme	153	2 Zink	190
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Gunshot	128	16 C Trumpet	165	Snare Roll	202
32 Violone	129	16 Clarinet	166	Cymbal Roll	203
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16 Diaphone	131	16 Rankett	168	Thunder	205
16 Gamba	132	16 Musette	169	Cannon	206
16 Bourdon	133	16 Vox Humana A	170	Drums- Standard	207
16 Quintaden	134	16 Vox Humana B	171	Drums- Room	208
10 2/3 Quint	135	8 Festival Trpt	172	Drums- Power	209
8 Principal	136	8 Posthorn	173	Drums- Electric	210
8 Engl Diapason	137	8 Tuba	174	Drums- TR808	211
8 Bourdon	138	8 Trumpet	175	Drums- Brush	212
8 Quintadena	139	8 Trompette	176	Drums- Orchstrl	213
8 Gedackt	140	8 Cromorne	177	Drums- SFX	214
8 Harmonic Flt	141	8 Rankett	178		
8 Viole Celeste	142	8 Musette	179		
8 Flute Celeste	143	8 Krumet	180		

APPENDIX A: MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

FUNCTION		TRANSMITTED	RECEIVED
Basic	Default	1 – 16	1 – 16
Channel	Changed	1 – 16	1 – 16
	Default	3	3
Mode	Messages	X	X
	Altered	X	X
Note Number		O (1 – 127)	O (1 – 127)
Velocity	Note ON	9nH, v = 1 - 127	9nH, v = 1 - 127
,	Note OFF	9nH, v = 0	9nH, v = 0
Aftertouch	Keys	X	X
	Channels	X	X
Pitch Bend		O	O
Control Change	0 (bank select)	0	X
_	6 (Data MSB)	O	О
	7 (volume)	O	О
	64 (sustain)	О	О
	66 (sostenuto)	0	0
	98 (NRPN: LSB)	0	0
	99 (NRPN: MSB)	0	О
Program Change		O (1 – 127)	O (1 – 127)
System Exclusive		O	O
System Common		X	X
System Real Time		X	X
Aux Messages		X	X

Mode 1: Omni On, Poly Mode 2: Omni On, Mono O: Yes Mode 3: Omni Off, Poly Mode 4: Omni Off, Mono X: No

APPENDIX B: VISUAL KEY RANGE CHART



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